

Type 2GY Wi-Fi™ + Bluetooth® Module

Infineon CYW55512 Chipset for 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax +
Bluetooth 5.4 Datasheet - Rev. 11

- Design Name: Type 2GY
- Module P/N: LBEE5HY2GY-001

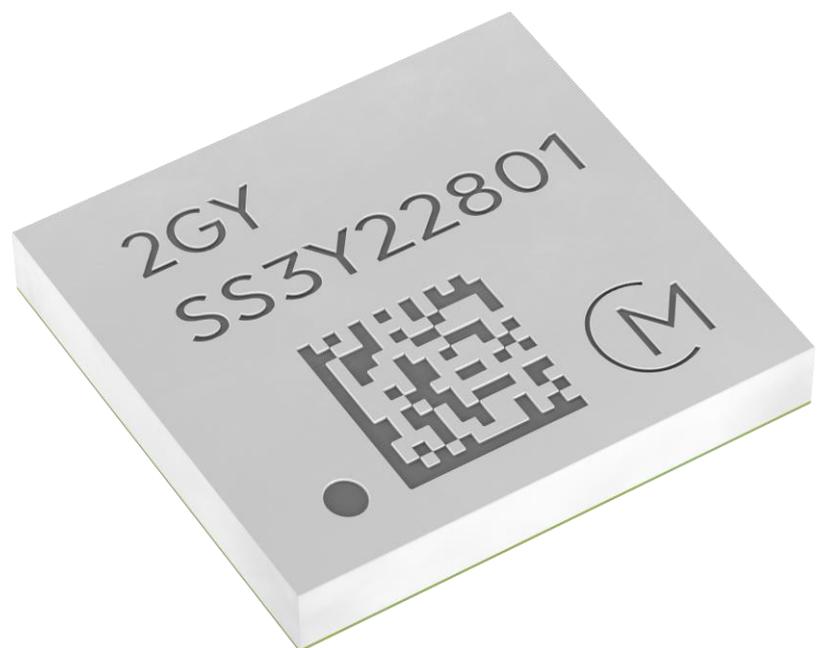


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About This Document

Type 2GY is a small and high-performance module based on IFX CYW55512 combo chipset, supporting IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax + Bluetooth 5.4 BR/EDR/LE. This datasheet describes Type 2GY module in detail.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty and use in critical applications of Murata products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this specification sheet.

Audience & Purpose

Intended audience includes any customer looking to integrate this module into their product; specifically RF, hardware, software, and systems engineers.

Document Conventions

Table 1 describes the document conventions.

Table 1: Document Conventions

| Conventions | Description |
|---|--|
|  | Warning Note Indicates very important note. Users are strongly recommended to review. |
|  | Info Note Intended for informational purposes. Users should review. |
|  | Menu Reference Indicates menu navigation instructions. Example: Insert → Tables → Quick Tables → Save Selection to Gallery  |
|  | External Hyperlink This symbol indicates a hyperlink to an external document or website. Example: Murata  Click on the text to open the external link. |
|  | Internal Hyperlink This symbol indicates a hyperlink within the document. Example: Scope  Click on the text to open the link. |
| <code>Console input/output or code snippet</code> | Console I/O or Code Snippet This text <i>Style</i> denotes console input/output or a code snippet. |
| <code># Console I/O comment // Code snippet comment</code> | Console I/O or Code Snippet Comment This text <i>Style</i> denotes a console input/output or code snippet comment. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Console I/O comment (preceded by "#") is for informational purposes only and does not denote actual console input/output. • Code Snippet comment (preceded by "//") may exist in the original code. |

1 Scope

This specification is applied to the IEEE802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax + Bluetooth 5.4 BR/EDR/LE combo module.

2 Key Feature

- ◆ Infineon/CYW55512 inside
- ◆ Supports IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax: Dual band 2.4 GHz, 5 GHz
- ◆ 1x1 SISO with 20MHz channels
- ◆ Up to MCS11 data rates (143 Mbps)
- ◆ Supports Bluetooth specification version 5.4
- ◆ For supported Bluetooth functions, refer to [Bluetooth SIG site](#) 
- ◆ WLAN interface: SDIO 3.0/2.0
- ◆ Bluetooth interface: HCI UART, and PCM
- ◆ Temperature Range: -40 °C to 85 °C
- ◆ Dimensions 7.9 x 7.3 x 1.1(Max) mm
- ◆ Weight: 170 mg
- ◆ MSL: 3
- ◆ Surface-mount type
- ◆ RoHS compliant
- ◆ Total Fit: 406

3 Ordering Information

The ordering information is shown in **Table 2**.

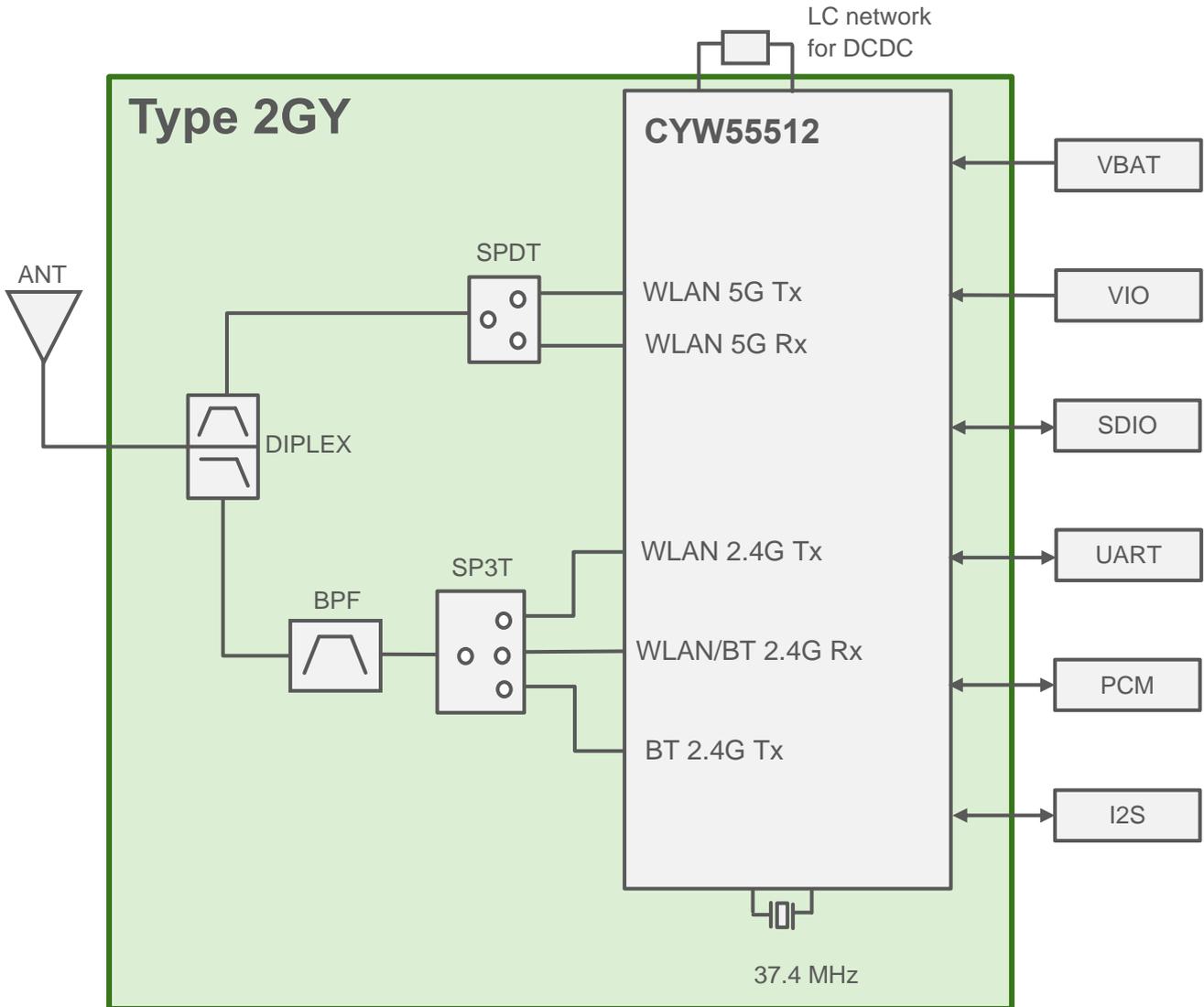
Table 2: Ordering Information

| Ordering Part Number | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| LBEE5HY2GY-001 | Module Order |
| LBEE5HY2GY-SMP | Sample module order (If module samples are not available through distribution, contact Murata referencing this part number) |

4 Block Diagram

Figure 1 shows the block diagram.

Figure 1: Block Diagram



5 Certification Information

This section has information about radio and Bluetooth certification.

5.1 Radio Certification

Table 3 describes the radio certification information.

Table 3: Radio Certification

| Country | ID | Country Code |
|---------------|--|--------------|
| USA (FCC) | VPYLBEE5HY2FY | US |
| Canada (ISED) | 772C-LBEE5HY2FY | CA |
| Europe | EN300328, EN301893, EN300440 The conducted test reports are prepared. | DE |
| Japan (MIC) | Japanese type certification is prepared.  007-AN0094 | JP |



Each country code is defined by Murata's clm Blob file.
You can get Murata's clm Blob file at [Murata GitHub](#) 

5.2 Radio Regulatory Certification by Country

Murata have prepared the document about Radio Regulatory Certification separately.

This document is designed to ensure that module manufacturers correctly communicate the necessary information to host manufacturers that incorporate their modules.

Refer to 【Regulatory Information】 : [Type 2GY Radio Law Approval Application Note](#)  for Radio Law Certification user manual.



If you don't follow the rule written in Type 2GY Radio Law Approval Application Note, there is a risk of conflict Radio Law Certification.
Please be sure to check the document.

5.3 Bluetooth Qualification

- QDID : 241038
- DN: Q301434
- For supported Bluetooth functions, refer to [Bluetooth SIG site](#) .

6 Dimensions, Markings, and Terminal Configurations

Figure 2 shows information on dimensions, markings, and terminal configurations for Type 2GY.

Figure 2: Dimensions, Markings and Terminal Configurations

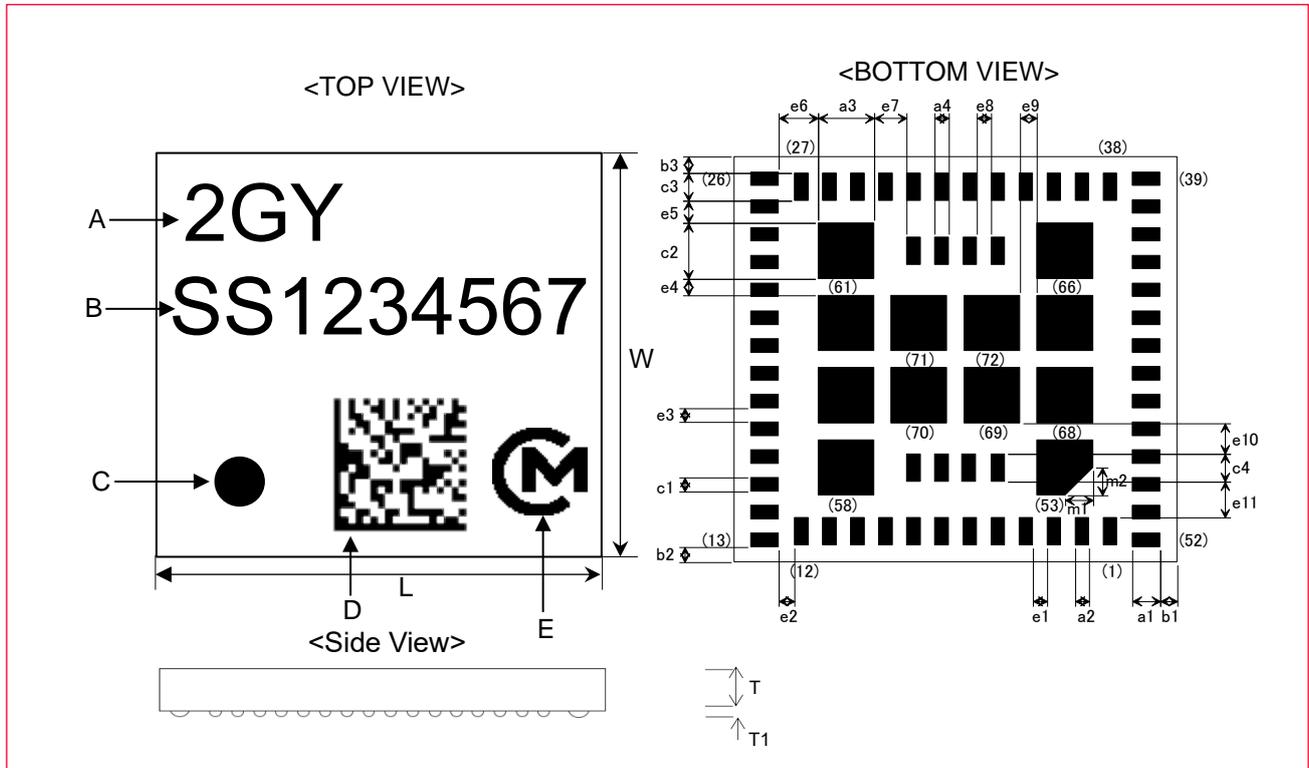


Table 4 and Table 5 describe the markings and dimensions shown in Figure 2.

Table 4: Markings

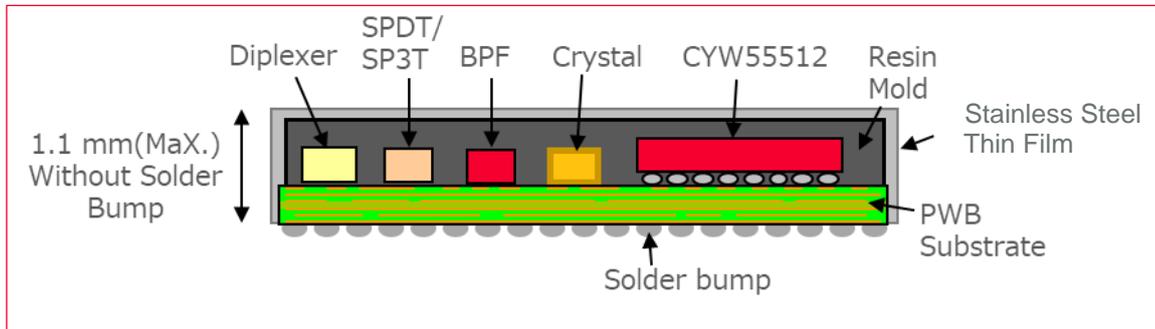
| Marking | Meaning |
|---------|-------------------|
| A | Module Type |
| B | Inspection Number |
| C | Pin 1 Marking |
| D | 2D Code |
| E | Murata Logo |

Table 5: Dimensions (Unit: Millimeters)

| Mark | Dimensions (mm) | Mark | Dimensions (mm) | Mark | Dimensions (mm) |
|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| L | 7.9 +/- 0.1 | W | 7.3 +/- 0.1 | T | 1.1 max. |
| a1 | 0.5 +/- 0.1 | a2 | 0.25 +/- 0.1 | a3 | 1.0 +/- 0.1 |
| a4 | 0.25 +/- 0.1 | b1 | 0.3 +/- 0.1 | b2 | 0.275 +/- 0.1 |
| b3 | 0.3 +/- 0.1 | c1 | 0.25 +/- 0.1 | c2 | 1.0 +/- 0.1 |
| c3 | 0.5 +/- 0.1 | c4 | 0.5 +/- 0.1 | e1 | 0.25 +/- 0.1 |
| e2 | 0.275 +/- 0.1 | e3 | 0.25 +/- 0.1 | e4 | 0.3 +/- 0.1 |
| e5 | 0.4 +/- 0.1 | e6 | 0.7 +/- 0.1 | e7 | 0.575 +/- 0.1 |
| e8 | 0.25 +/- 0.1 | e9 | 0.3 +/- 0.1 | e10 | 0.55 +/- 0.1 |
| e11 | 0.65 +/- 0.1 | m1 | 0.5 +/- 0.1 | m2 | 0.5 +/- 0.1 |
| T1 | 0.04 Typ. | | | | |

Figure 3 shows the Type 2GY structure.

Figure 3: Structure



The sides of the module are GND shielded. In order to avoid contact between the GND shield and the electrodes on the mother board, please carefully evaluate the standoff before use the module.

7 Module Pin Descriptions

This section has the pin descriptions of Type 2GY and pin assignments layout descriptions.

7.1 Module Pin Layout

The pin assignment (top view) layout is shown in **Figure 4**.

Figure 4: Pin Layout - Top View

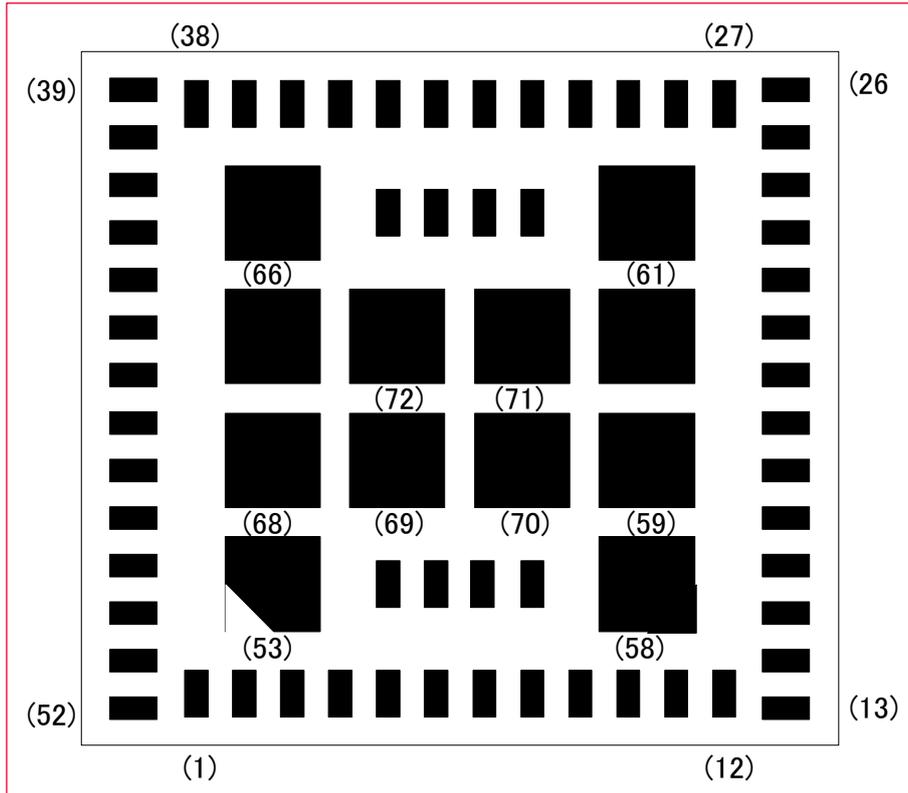


Table 6 illustrates the terminal configurations.

Table 6: Terminal Configurations

| No. | Terminal Name | No. | Terminal Name | No. | Terminal Name |
|-----|---------------|-----|----------------|-----|---------------|
| 1 | GPIO_6 | 25 | ABUCK_1P12_IN | 49 | GND |
| 2 | GPIO_0 | 26 | PVSSA | 50 | ANT |
| 3 | GPIO_3 | 27 | PVSSA | 51 | GND |
| 4 | GPIO_5 | 28 | ABUCK_1P12_OUT | 52 | GND |
| 5 | LHL_GPIO_1 | 29 | GND | 53 | GND |
| 6 | GPIO_4 | 30 | LPO_IN | 54 | NC |
| 7 | GPIO_2 | 31 | TDM2_MCK | 55 | GND |
| 8 | BT_REG_ON | 32 | BT_PCM_IN | 56 | GND |
| 9 | WL_REG_ON | 33 | BT_PCM_SYNC | 57 | JTAG_SEL |
| 10 | GND | 34 | BT_PCM_OUT | 58 | GND |
| 11 | VDDIO | 35 | BT_PCM_CLK | 59 | GND |
| 12 | GND | 36 | I2S_DO | 60 | GND |
| 13 | GND | 37 | I2S_CLK | 61 | GND |
| 14 | SDIO_DATA0 | 38 | I2S_WS | 62 | BT_GPIO_4 |

| No. | Terminal Name | No. | Terminal Name | No. | Terminal Name |
|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| 15 | SDIO_CMD | 39 | GND | 63 | BT_GPIO_3 |
| 16 | SDIO_DATA1 | 40 | LHL_GPIO_0 | 64 | BT_GPIO_2 |
| 17 | SDIO_DATA2 | 41 | BT_HOST_WAKE | 65 | BT_GPIO_5 |
| 18 | SDIO_DATA3 | 42 | I2S_DI | 66 | GND |
| 19 | GND | 43 | TDM1_MCK | 67 | GND |
| 20 | SDIO_CLK | 44 | GND | 68 | GND |
| 21 | GND | 45 | BT_UART_RXD | 69 | GND |
| 22 | VBAT_SR | 46 | BT_UART_TXD | 70 | GND |
| 23 | VBAT_SR | 47 | BT_UART_RTS_N | 71 | GND |
| 24 | PVSSA | 48 | BT_UART_CTS_N | 72 | GND |

7.2 Pin Descriptions

The following notations shown under Type indicate pin directions, and characteristics, if any.

- **I/O**: Bidirectional
- **I**: Input
- **O**: Output
- **PWR**: Power
- **GND**: Ground
- **OD**: Open-Drain
- **RF**: RF terminal

Table 7 describes Type 2GY Pins.

Table 7: Pin Descriptions

| No. | Pin name | Type | System | Connection to IC Pin Name | Description |
|-----|------------|------|--------|---------------------------|--|
| 1 | GPIO_6 | I/O | WL | WL_JTAG_TRST | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 2 | GPIO_0 | I/O | WL | WL_HOST_WAKE | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 3 | GPIO_3 | I/O | WL | WL_JTAG_TMS | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 4 | GPIO_5 | I/O | WL | WL_TAG_TDO | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 5 | LHL_GPIO_1 | I/O | WL | WL_DEV_WAKE | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 6 | GPIO_4 | I/O | WL | WL_JTAG_TDI | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 7 | GPIO_2 | I/O | WL | WL_JTAG_TCK | WLAN General Purpose I/O |
| 8 | BT_REG_ON | I | BT | BT_REG_ON | Used by the PMU to power up or power down the internal CYW55512 regulators used by the Bluetooth® section. When deasserted, this pin holds the Bluetooth® section in reset. This pin has an internal 50 kΩ pull-down resistor that is auto enabled/disabled by programming |
| 9 | WL_REG_ON | I | WL | WL_REG_ON | Used by the PMU to power up or power down the internal CYW55512 regulators used by the WLAN section. When deasserted, this pin holds the WLAN section in reset. This pin has an internal 50 KΩ pull down resistor that is auto enabled/disabled by programming |
| 10 | GND | | | | - |

| No. | Pin name | Type | System | Connection to IC Pin Name | Description |
|-----|----------------|------|--------|---------------------------|---|
| 11 | VDDIO | PWR | | | Supply 1.8V for WLAN, BT, PMU, WLAN GPIO |
| 12 | GND | | | | - |
| 13 | GND | | | | - |
| 14 | SDIO_DATA0 | I/O | WL | SDIO_DATA_0 | SDIO data line 0 |
| 15 | SDIO_CMD | I/O | WL | SDIO_CMD | SDIO command line |
| 16 | SDIO_DATA1 | I/O | WL | SDIO_DATA_1 | SDIO data line 1 |
| 17 | SDIO_DATA2 | I/O | WL | SDIO_DATA_2 | SDIO data line 2 |
| 18 | SDIO_DATA3 | I/O | WL | SDIO_DATA_3 | SDIO data line 3 |
| 19 | GND | | | | |
| 20 | SDIO_CLK | I | WL | SDIO_CLK | SDIO clock input |
| 21 | GND | | | | |
| 22 | VBAT_SR | PWR | | VBAT_SR | Power supply |
| 23 | VBAT_SR | PWR | | VBAT_SR | Power supply |
| 24 | PVSSA | PWR | | PVSSA | Ground input of ASR power stage |
| 25 | ABUCK_1P12_IN | PWR | | ABuck_1P12_IN | Se Sense or feedback input of ASR power stage |
| 26 | PVSSA | PWR | | PVSSA | Ground input of ASR power stage |
| 27 | PVSSA | PWR | | PVSSA | Ground input of ASR power stage |
| 28 | ABUCK_1P12_OUT | PWR | | ABuck_1P12_OUT | ASR power stage output to inductor |
| 29 | GND | | | | |
| 30 | LPO_IN | I | | LPO_IN | As an external 32 kHz clock source input |
| 31 | TDM2_MCK | I/O | WL | TDM2_MCK | TDM2 Interface Master Clock |
| 32 | BT_PCM_IN | I | BT | BT_PCM_IN/TDM2_DI | TDM2 Interface Data In. |
| 33 | BT_PCM_SYNC | I/O | BT | BT_PCM_SYNC/TDM2_WS | TDM2 Interface WordSelect |
| 34 | BT_PCM_OUT | O | BT | BT_PCM_OUT/TDM2_DO | TDM2 Interface Data Out |
| 35 | BT_PCM_CLK | I/O | BT | BT_PCM_CLK/TDM2_SCK | TDM2 Interface Slave Clock |
| 36 | I2S_DO | I/O | BT | I2S_DO/TDM1_DO | Bluetooth® TDM1 Interface Data Out |
| 37 | I2S_CLK | I/O | BT | I2S_CLK/TDM1_SCK | TDM1 Interface Slave Clock |
| 38 | I2S_WS | I/O | BT | I2S_WS/TDM1_WS | TDM1 Interface WordSelect |
| 39 | GND | - | - | - | - |
| 40 | LHL_GPIO_0 | I | BT | BT_DEV_WAKE | Bluetooth DEV_WAKE |
| 41 | BT_HOST_WAKE | O | BT | BT_HOST_WAKE | Bluetooth HOST_WAKE |
| 42 | I2S_DI | I/O | BT | I2S_DI/TDM1_DI | TDM1 Interface Data In |
| 43 | TDM1_MCK | - | - | TDM1_MCK | TDM1 Interface Master Clock |
| 44 | GND | - | - | - | - |
| 45 | BT_UART_RXD | I | BT | BT_UART_RXD | UART serial input. Serial data input for the HCI UART interface. |
| 46 | BT_UART_TXD | O | BT | BT_UART_TXD | UART serial output. Serial data output for the HCI UART interface. |
| 47 | BT_UART_RTSEN | O | BT | BT_UART_RTSEN | UART request – to - send. Active - low request - to-send signal for the HCI UART interface. |
| 48 | BT_UART_CTSEN | I | BT | BT_UART_CTSEN | UART clear – to - send. Active - low clear – to - send signal for the HCI UART interface. |

| No. | Pin name | Type | System | Connection to IC Pin Name | Description |
|-------|-----------|------|--------|---------------------------|---|
| 49 | GND | | | | |
| 50 | ANT | RF | | RF_ANT | |
| 51 | GND | | | | |
| 52 | GND | | | | |
| 53 | GND | | | | |
| 54 | NC | | | NC | |
| 55 | GND | | | | |
| 56 | GND | | | | |
| 57 | JTAG_SEL | I/O | | JTAG_SEL | JTAG select input: Pull high to select the JTAG interface. If the JTAG interface is not used this pin should be connected to ground. |
| 58 | GND | | | | |
| 59 | GND | | | | |
| 60 | GND | | | | |
| 61 | GND | | | | |
| 62 | BT_GPIO_4 | I/O | BT | BT_GPIO_4 | Bluetooth general-purpose I/O. |
| 63 | BT_GPIO_3 | I/O | BT | BT_GPIO_3 | Bluetooth general-purpose I/O. |
| 64 | BT_GPIO_2 | I/O | BT | BT_GPIO_2 | Bluetooth general-purpose I/O. |
| 65 | BT_GPIO_5 | I/O | BT | BT_GPIO_5 | Bluetooth general-purpose I/O. |
| 66-72 | GND | | | | |

8 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute and maximum ratings are shown in **Table 8**.

Table 8: Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
|---------------------|-------|---------|---------|------|
| Storage Temperature | | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Supply Voltage | VBAT | -0.5 | 6.0 | V |
| | VDDIO | -0.5 | 2.2 | V |



Stresses in excess of the absolute ratings may cause permanent damage. Functional operation is not implied under these conditions. Exposure to absolute ratings for extended periods of time may adversely affect reliability. No damage assuming only one parameter is set at limit at a time with all other parameters is set within operating condition.

9 Operating Condition

The operating conditions are shown in **Table 9**.

Table 9: Operating Conditions

| Parameter | | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|---------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Operating Temperature | | -40 | +25 | +85 | °C |
| Specification Temperature | | -30 | +25 | +85 | °C |
| Operating Voltage | VBAT | 3.0 | 3.3 | 4.8 | V |
| | VDDIO | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V |
| Peak current | VBAT=3.3V | - | - | 720 | mA |



Functionality is guaranteed but the specifications require the derating at over-temperatures, over-voltage condition.

10 External LPO_IN Signal Requirement

External LPO requirements are shown in **Table 10**.

Table 10: External LPO_IN Signal Requirement

| Parameter | External LPO_IN Clock | Unit |
|--|-------------------------|---------|
| Nominal input frequency | 32.768 | kHz |
| Frequency accuracy | ±250 | ppm |
| Duty cycle | 30 - 70 | % |
| Input signal amplitude | 200-1800 | mV, p-p |
| Signal type | Square-wave or sinewave | |
| Input impedance | > 100k | Ω |
| | < 5 | pF |
| Clock jitter (during initial start-up) | < 10,000 | ppm |



Input impedance condition is when power is applied or switch off.

11 I/O State

The following notations are used in I/O State Table.

- **I**: Input signal
- **O**: Output signal
- **I/O**: Input/Output signal
- **PU**: Pulled up
- **PD**: Pulled down
- **NoPull**: Neither pulled up nor pulled down

Where applicable, the default value is shown in brackets (for example, [default value]).

Table 11 describes the I/O state table.

Table 11: I/O State Table

| Name | I/O | Keeper | Active Mode | Low-Power State/Sleep (All Power Present) | Power-down (BT_REG_ON and WL_REG_ON Held Low) | Out-of-Reset: Before SW Download (BT_REG_ON High; WL_REG_ON High) | (WL_REG_ON High and BT_REG_ON = 0) and VDDIOs are Present | Power Rail |
|------------------------|-----|--------|---|---|---|---|---|------------|
| WL_REG_ON BT_REG_ON | I | N | I: PD Pull down auto disabled | I: PD Pull down auto disabled | I: PD (of 50K) | I: PD (of 50K) | I: PD (of 50K) | - |
| GPIO_0 | I/O | Y | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [PD] | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [PD] | High-Z, NoPull | High-Z, NoPull | High-Z, NoPull | VDDIO |
| GPIO_2 | I/O | Y | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | High-Z, NoPull | I:PU | I:PU | VDDIO |
| GPIO_3 | I/O | Y | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | High-Z, NoPull | I:PU | I:PU | VDDIO |
| GPIO_4 | I/O | Y | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | High-Z, NoPull | I:PU | I:PU | VDDIO |
| GPIO_5 | I/O | Y | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | High-Z, NoPull | I: NoPull[13] | I: NoPull[13] | VDDIO |
| GPIO_6 | I/O | Y | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | I/O: PU, PD, NoPull Programmable [NoPull] | High-Z, NoPull | I:PU | I:PU | VDDIO |



When JTAG is not enabled on the GPIO

12 Power-On Sequence

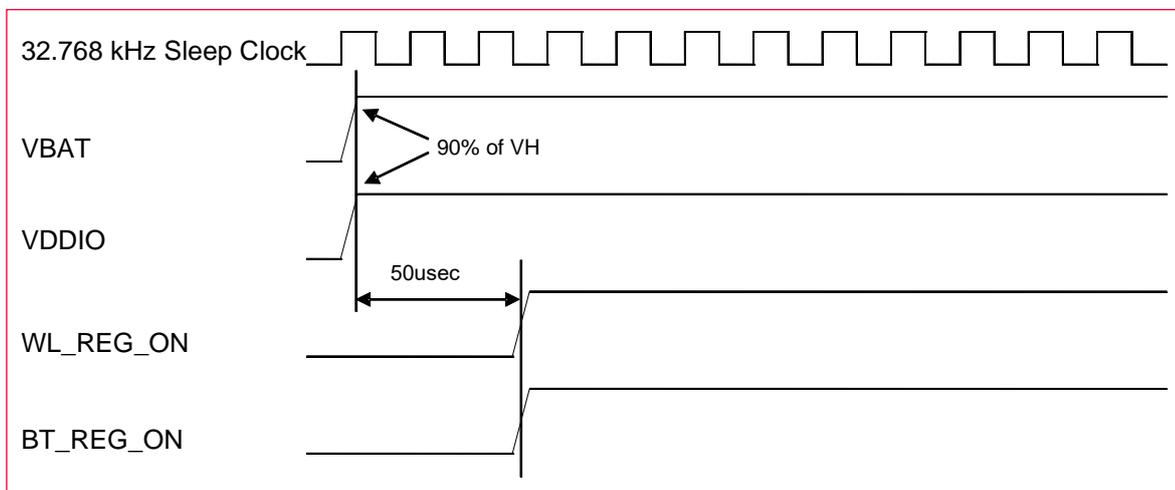
This section describes the power sequences along with their parameters.

- VBAT and VDDIO should not rise 10%-90% faster than 40 microseconds.
- VBAT should be up before or at the same time as VDDIO. VDDIO should NOT be present fast or be held high before VBAT is high.

12.1 Power-On Sequence for WLAN ON and BT ON

Figure 5 shows the power-on sequence diagram for WLAN ON and BT ON.

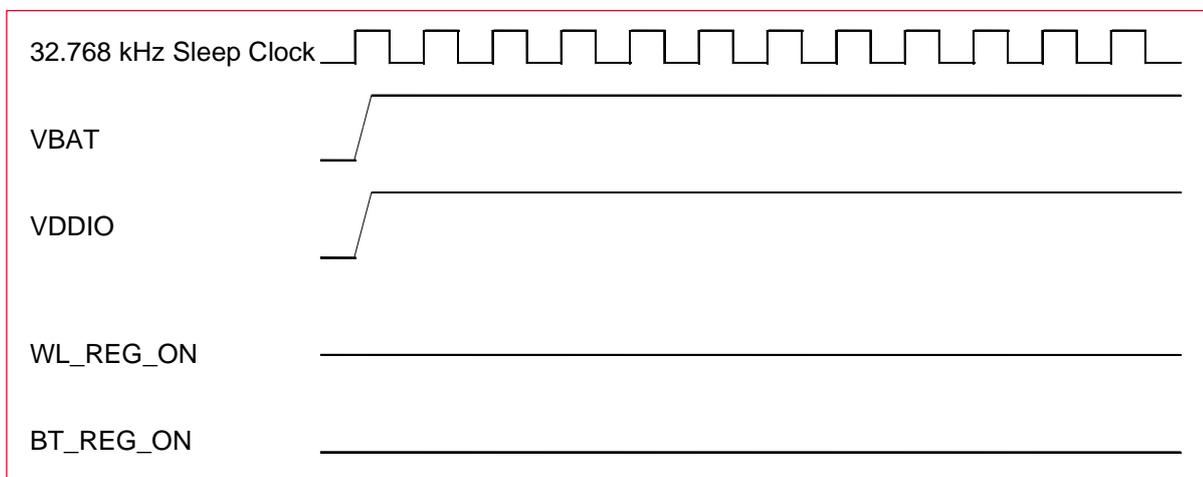
Figure 5: Power-On Sequence - WLAN ON and BT ON



12.2 Power-On Sequence for WLAN OFF and BT OFF

Figure 6 shows the power-on sequence diagram for WLAN OFF and BT OFF.

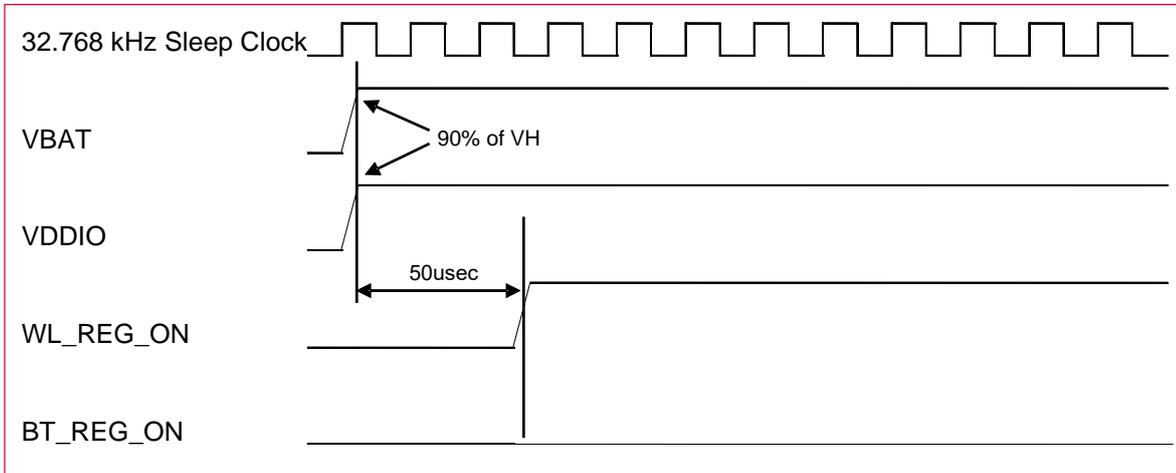
Figure 6: Power-On Sequence - WLAN OFF and BT OFF



12.3 Power-On Sequence for WLAN ON and BT OFF

Figure 7 shows the power-on sequence diagram for WLAN ON and BT OFF.

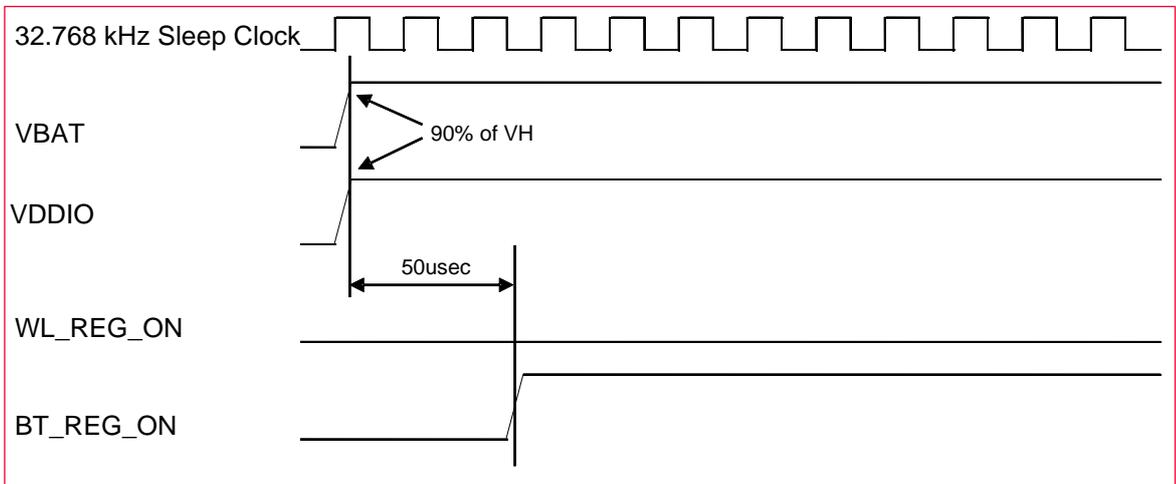
Figure 7: Power-On Sequence - WLAN ON and BT OFF



12.4 Power-On Sequence for WLAN OFF and BT ON

Figure 8 shows the power-on sequence diagram for WLAN OFF and BT ON.

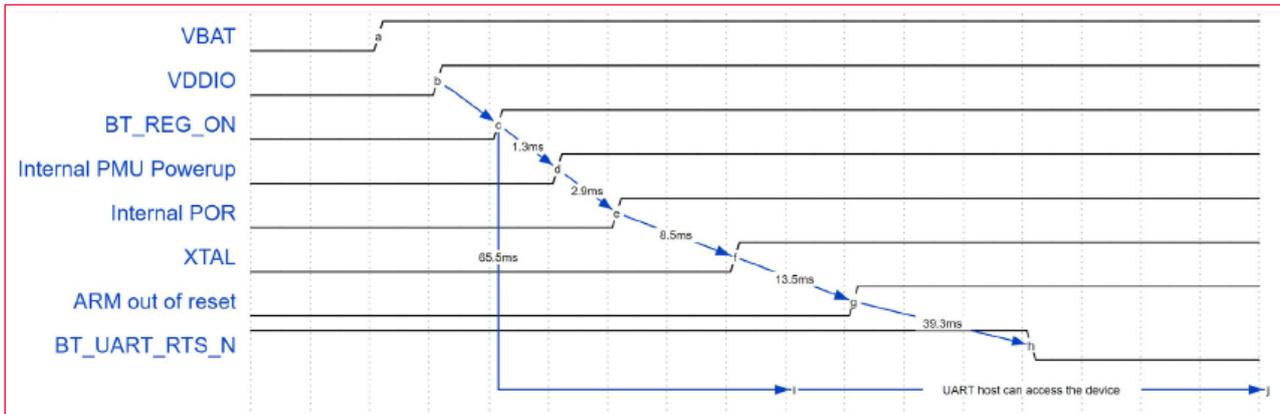
Figure 8: Power-On Sequence - WLAN OFF and BT ON



12.5 Bluetooth Subsystem Bootup Sequence

Figure 9 shows the power-on sequence diagram for Bluetooth subsystem.

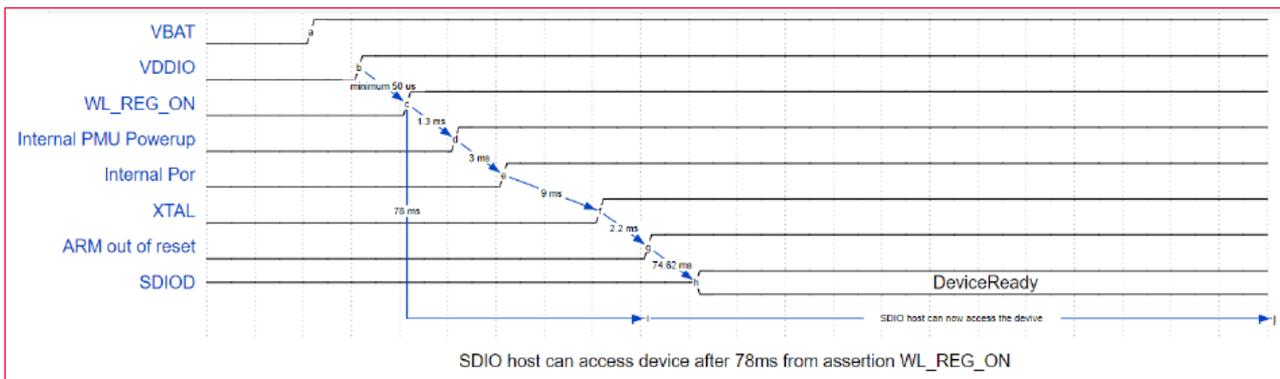
Figure 9: Bluetooth Subsystem Bootup Sequence



12.6 WLAN Boot-up Sequence for SDIO Host

Figure 10 shows the power-on sequence diagram for WLAN.

Figure 10: WLAN Boot-Up sequence for SDIO Host



13 Digital I/O Requirements

The requirements are described in **Table 12**.

Table 12: Digital I/O Requirements

| Digital I/O Pins | System | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|--|--------|------------|---------|------------|------|
| For VDDIO, VDDIO_SD, BT_VDDO, BT_VDDIO_SMIF = 1.8 V: | | | | | |
| Input high voltage | VIH | 0.65xVDDIO | | | V |
| Input low voltage | VIL | | | 0.35xVDDIO | V |
| Output high voltage@2mA | VOH | VDDIO-0.40 | | | V |
| Output low voltage@2mA | VOL | | | 0.45 | V |

14 Interface Timing and AC Characteristics

This section describes the interface timing for SDIO, Bluetooth, and PCM, their speed modes, related parameters and graphs.

14.1 Bluetooth UART Timing

Figure 11 and **Table 13** show the Bluetooth UART timing diagram and its parameters.

Figure 11: Bluetooth UART Timing Diagram

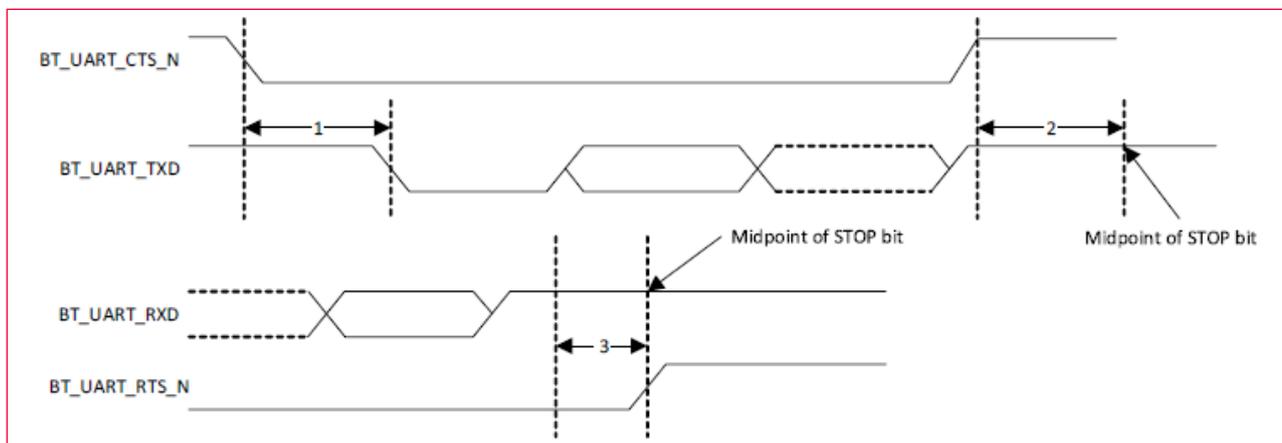


Table 13: Bluetooth UART Timing Parameters

| Reference | Description | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-----------|--|---------|---------|---------|-------------|
| 1 | Delay time, BT_UART_CTS_N low to BT_UART_TXD valid | | | 1.5 | Bit periods |
| 2 | Setup time, BT_UART_CTS_N high before midpoint of stop bit | | | 0.5 | Bit periods |
| 3 | Delay time, midpoint of stop bit to BT_UART_RTS_N high | | | 0.5 | Bit periods |

14.2 Bluetooth PCM Interface Timing

This section describes the Bluetooth PCM Interface Timing and its data formatting and widespread speed support that includes short frame sync and long frame sync at master and slave modes.

14.2.1 Data Formatting

The IC may be configured to generate and accept several different data formats. For a conventional Narrowband Speech mode, CYW5551x uses 13 of the 16 bits in each PCM frame. The location and order of these 13 bits can be configured to support various data formats on the PCM interface. The remaining three bits are ignored on the input and may be filled with 0s, 1s, a sign bit, or a programmed value on the output. The default format is 13-bit 2’s complement data, left justified, and clocked most significant bit (MSb) first.

14.2.2 Wideband Speech Support

When the host encodes wideband speech (WBS) packets in transparent mode, the encoded packets are transferred over the PCM bus for an eSCO voice connection. In this mode, the PCM bus is typically configured in master mode for a 4 KHz sync rate with 16-bit samples, resulting in a 64-kbps bit rate. The IC also supports slave transparent mode using a proprietary rate-matching scheme. IN SBC-code mode, linear 16-bit data at 16 KHz (256 kbps rate) is transferred over the PCM bus.

14.2.3 Short Frame Sync - Master Mode

Figure 12 and **Table 14** show the short frame sync signal and its parameters in master mode.

Figure 12: Short Frame Sync Signal - Master Mode

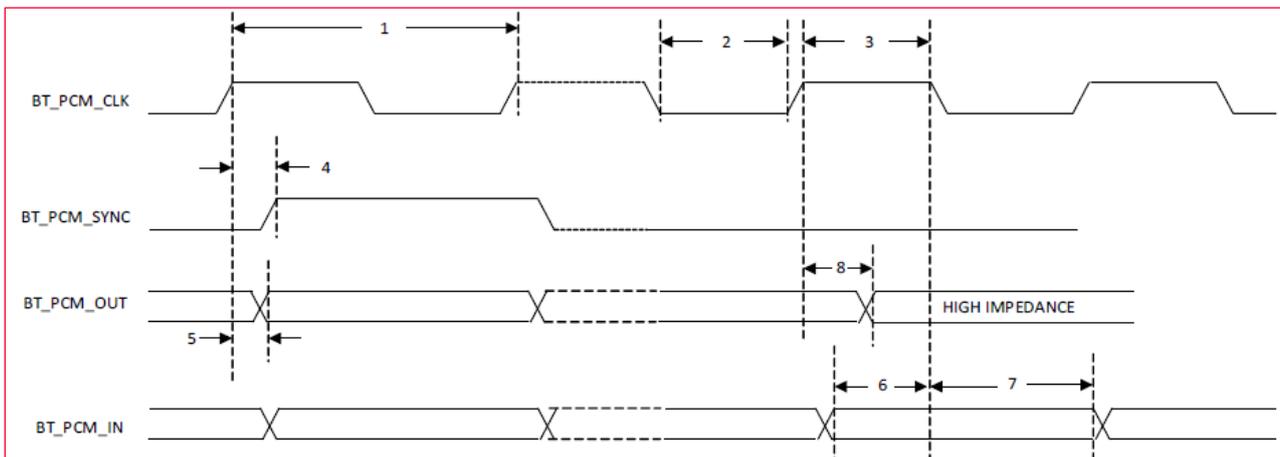


Table 14: Short Frame Sync Signal Parameters - Master Mode

| Reference | Description | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| 1 | PCM bit clock frequency | | | 12.0 | MHz |
| 2 | PCM bit clock LOW | 41.0 | | | ns |
| 3 | PCM bit clock HIGH | 41.0 | | | ns |
| 4 | BT PCM SYNC delay | 0 | | 25.0 | ns |
| 5 | BT_PCM_OUT delay | 0 | | 25.0 | ns |
| 6 | BT PCM IN setup | 8.0 | | | ns |
| 7 | BT PCM IN hold | 8.0 | | | ns |

| Reference | Description | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-----------|--|---------|---------|---------|------|
| 8 | Delay from rising edge of BT_PCM_CLK during last bit period to BT_PCM_OUT becoming high impedance. | 0 | | 25.0 | ns |

14.2.4 Short Frame Sync - Slave Mode

Figure 13 and **Table 15**: Short Frame Sync Signal Parameters - Slave Mode show the short frame sync signal and its parameters in slave mode.

Figure 13: Short Frame Sync Signal - Slave Mode

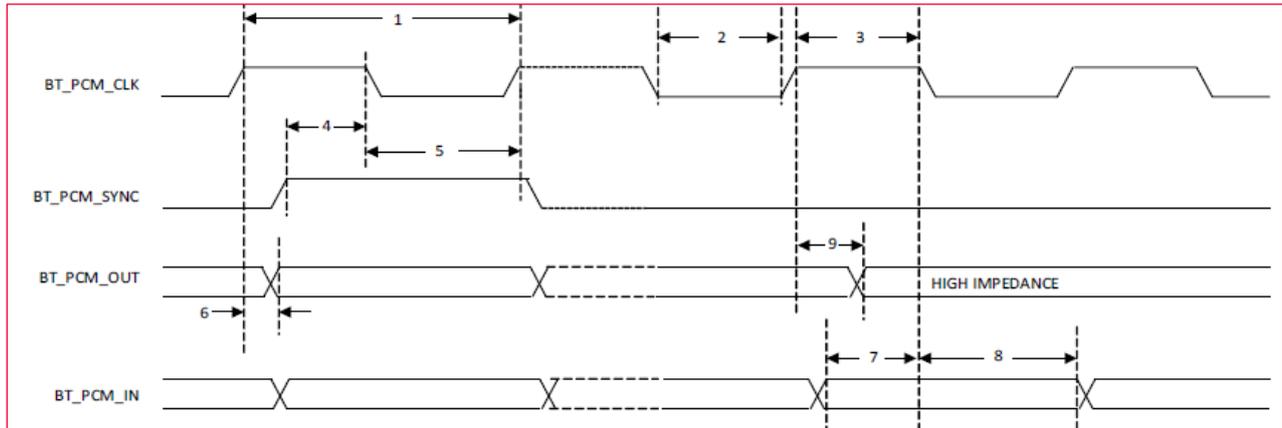


Table 15: Short Frame Sync Signal Parameters - Slave Mode

| Reference | Description | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|-----------|--|---------|---------|---------|------|
| 1 | PCM bit clock frequency | | | 12.0 | MHz |
| 2 | PCM bit clock Low | 41.0 | | | ns |
| 3 | PCM bit clock High | 41.0 | | | ns |
| 4 | BT_PCM_SYNC setup | 8.0 | | | ns |
| 5 | BT_PCM_SYNC hold | 8.0 | | | ns |
| 6 | BT_PCM_OUT delay | 0 | | 25.0 | ns |
| 7 | BT_PCM_IN setup | 8.0 | | | ns |
| 8 | BT_PCM_IN hold | 8.0 | | | ns |
| 9 | Delay from rising edge of BT_PCM_CLK during last bit period to BT_PCM_OUT becoming high impedance. | 0 | | 25.0 | ns |

14.3 WLAN SDIO Timing

This section describes the SDIO timings for different modes.

14.3.1 SDIO Timing - Default Mode

Figure 14 and Table 16 show the SDIO default timing diagram and its data.

Figure 14: SDIO Timing Diagram - Default Mode

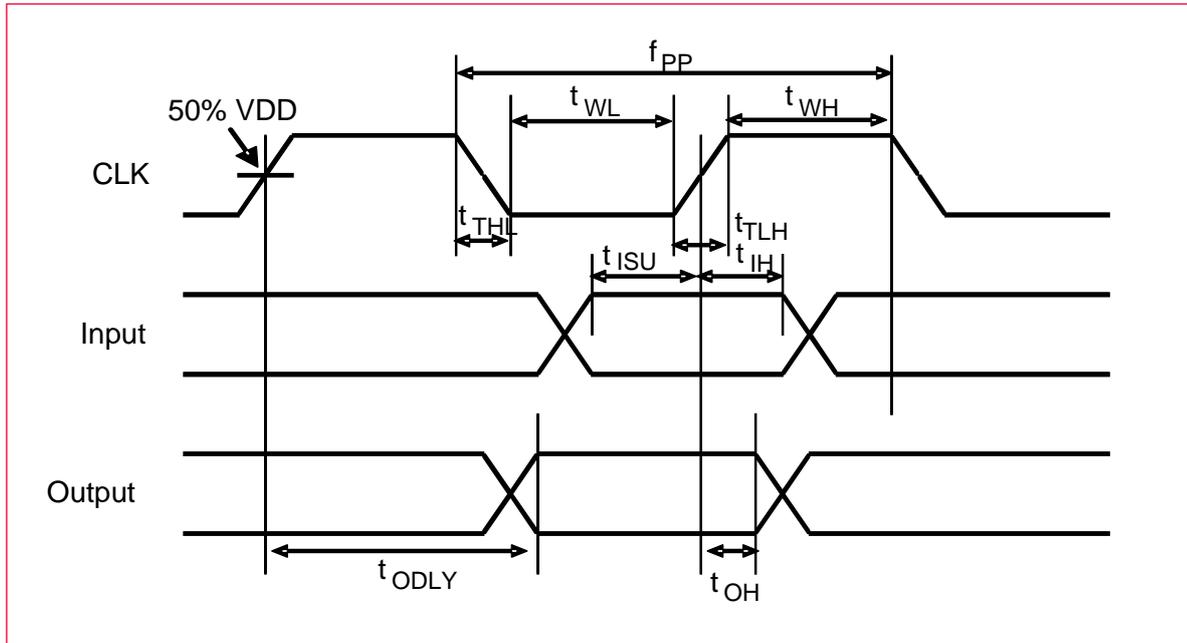


Table 16: SDIO Timing Data - Default Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|--|------------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| SDIO CLK (All values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VIL) | | | | | |
| Frequency-Data Transfer Mode | f_{PP} | 0 | | 25 | MHz |
| Frequency-Identification Mode | f_{OD} | 0 | | 400 | kHz |
| Clock Low Time | t_{WL} | 10 | | | ns |
| Clock High Time | t_{WH} | 10 | | | ns |
| Clock Rise Time | t_{TLH} | | | 10 | ns |
| Clock Fall Time | t_{THL} | | | 10 | ns |
| Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input Setup Time | t_{ISU} | 5 | | | ns |
| Input Hold Time | t_{IH} | 5 | | | ns |
| Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Output Delay Time-Data Transfer Mode | t_{ODLY} | 0 | | 14 | ns |
| Output Delay Time-Identification Mode | t_{ODLY} | 0 | | 50 | ns |



- Timing is based on $CL < 40 \text{ pF}$ load on CMD and Data.
- Minimum (V_{ih}) = $0.7 \cdot V_{DDIO}$ and maximum (V_{il}) = $0.2 \cdot V_{DDIO}$.

14.3.2 SDIO Timing - High-Speed Mode

Figure 15 and Table 17 show the SDIO high speed timing diagram and its data.

Figure 15: SDIO Timing Diagram - High-Speed Mode

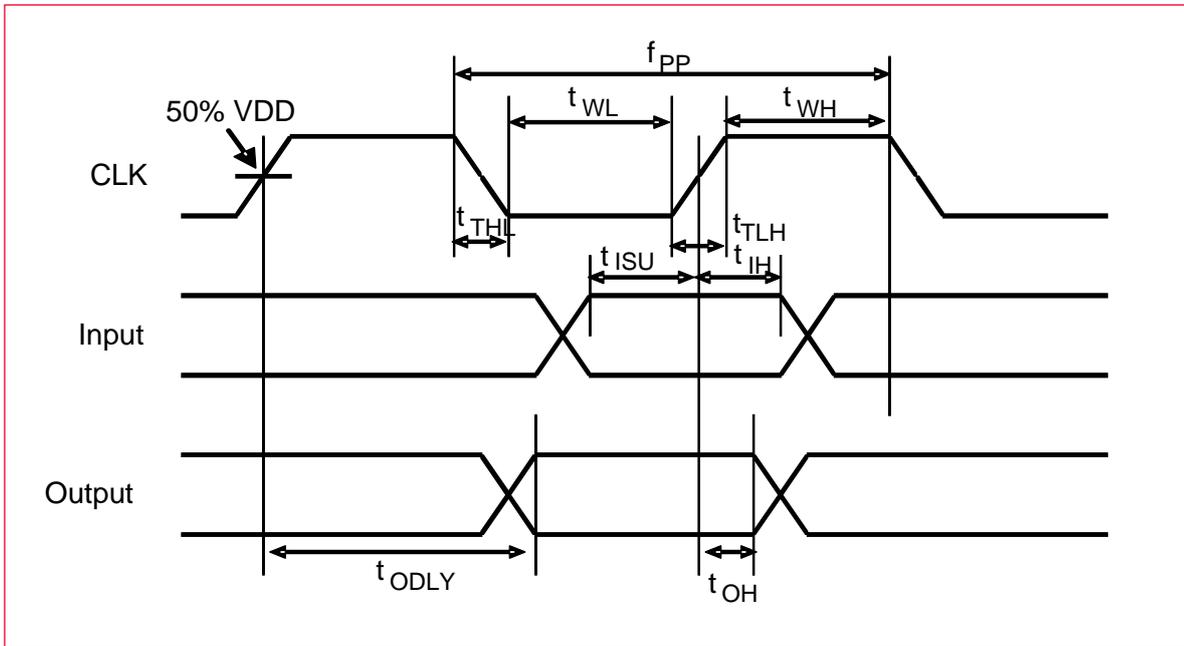


Table 17: SDIO Timing Data - High-Speed Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|---|------------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Clock CLK (All values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VIL) | | | | | |
| Frequency-Data Transfer Mode | f_{PP} | 0 | | 50 | MHz |
| Frequency-Identification Mode | f_{OD} | 0 | | 400 | kHz |
| Clock Low Time | t_{WL} | 7 | | | ns |
| Clock High Time | t_{WH} | 7 | | | ns |
| Clock Rise Time | t_{TLH} | | | 3 | ns |
| Clock Fall Time | t_{THL} | | | 3 | ns |
| Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Input Setup Time | t_{ISU} | 6 | | | ns |
| Input Hold Time | t_{IH} | 2 | | | ns |
| Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK) | | | | | |
| Output Delay Time-Data Transfer Mode | t_{ODLY} | | | 14 | ns |
| Output Hold time | t_{OH} | 2.5 | | | ns |

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Total System Capacitance (each line) | CL | | | 40 | pF |



- Timing is based on CL < 40 pF load on CMD and Data.
- Minimum (Vih) = 0.7*VDDIO and maximum (Vil) = 0.2*VDDIO.

14.3.3 SDIO BUS Timing Specifications in SDR Modes

This section describes the SDIO BUS timing specifications in SDR Mode.

14.3.3.1 Clock Timing

Figure 16 and **Table 18** show the clock timing diagram and its parameters in SDR mode.

Figure 16: Clock Timing Diagram – SDR Mode

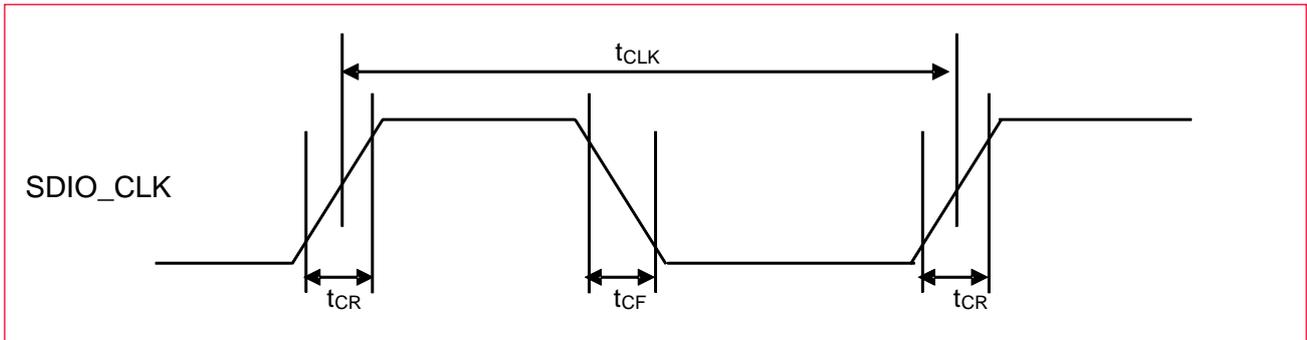


Table 18: Clock Timing Parameters - SDR Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Unit | Comments |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|------------------------|------|--|
| | t _{CLK} | 40 | | ns | SDR12 mode |
| | | 20 | | ns | SDR25 mode |
| | | 12.5 | | ns | SDR50 mode |
| | t _{CR} , t _{CF} | | 0.2 * t _{CLK} | ns | t _{CR} , t _{CF} < 2.00 ns (maximum) @ 100 MHz, C _{CARD} = 10 pF t _{CR} , t _{CF} < 0.96 ns (maximum) @ 208 MHz, C _{CARD} = 10 pF |
| Clock duty Cycle | | 30 | 70 | % | |

14.3.3.2 Device Input Timing

Figure 17 and **Table 19** show the device input timing diagram and its parameters in SDR mode.

Figure 17: Device Input Timing Diagram - SDR Mode

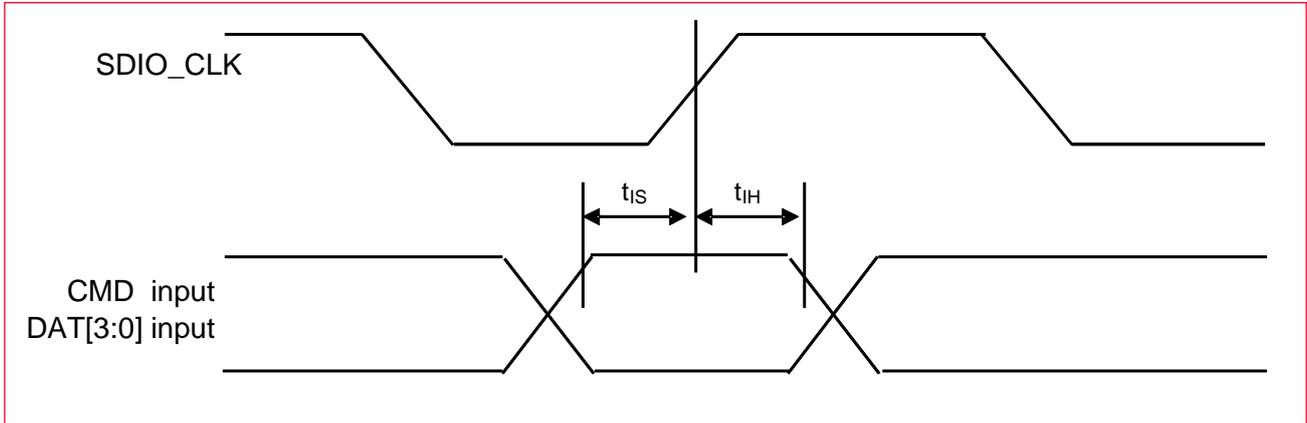


Table 19: SDIO Bus Input Timing Parameters - SDR Mode

| Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Unit | Comments |
|-------------------|---------|---------|------|--|
| SDR50 Mode | | | | |
| t_{IS} | 3.0 | | ns | $C_{CARD} = 10 \text{ pF}$, $V_{CT} = 0.975V$ |
| t_{IH} | 0.8 | | ns | $C_{CARD} = 5 \text{ pF}$, $V_{CT} = 0.975V$ |

14.3.3.3 Device Output Timing

Figure 18 and **Table 20** show the device output timing diagram and its parameters in SDR modes up to 80 MHz.

Figure 18: Device Output Timing Diagram - SDR Modes up to 80 MHz

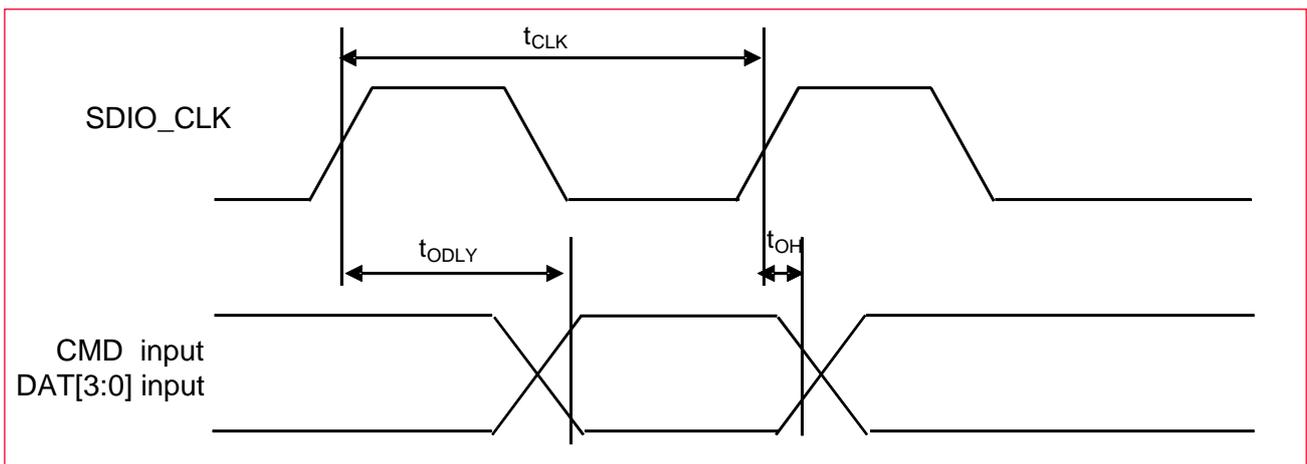


Table 20: SDIO Bus Output Timing Parameters - SDR Modes up to 80 MHz

| Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Unit | Comments |
|------------|---------|---------|------|--|
| t_{ODLY} | | 7.5 | ns | $t_{CLK} \geq 10 \text{ ns}$ $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ using driver type B for SDR50 |
| t_{ODLY} | | 14.0 | ns | $t_{CLK} \geq 20 \text{ ns}$ $C_L = 40 \text{ pF}$ using for SDR12, SDR25 |
| t_{OH} | 1.5 | | ns | Hold time at the $t_{ODLY}(\text{min})$ $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ |

14.3.4 SDIO Timing Specifications in DDR50 Mode

Figure 19 This section describes the SDIO clock and SDIO data.

14.3.4.1 SDIO Clock Timing

Figure 19 and Table 21 show the SDIO clock timing diagram and parameters in DDR50 mode.

Figure 19: SDIO Clock Timing Diagram - DDR50 Mode

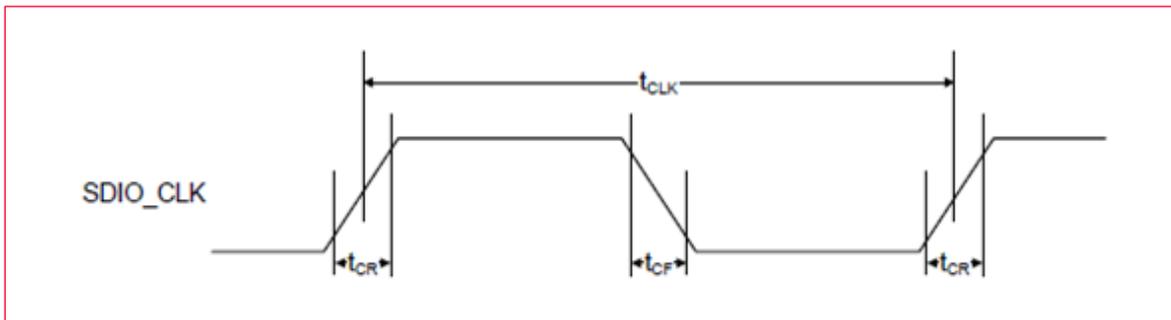


Table 21: SDIO Clock Timing Parameters - DDR50 Mode

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Unit | Comments |
|------------------|------------------|---------|-----------------|------|--|
| | t_{CLK} | 25 | | ns | DDR50 mode |
| | t_{CR}, t_{CF} | | $0.2 * t_{CLK}$ | ns | $t_{CR}, t_{CF} < 4.00$ ns (maximum) at 50MHz, $C_{CARD} = 10pF$ |
| Clock duty cycle | | 45 | 55 | % | |

14.3.4.2 SDIO Data Timing

Figure 20 and Table 22 show the SDIO data timing diagram and its parameters in DDR50 mode.

Figure 20: SDIO Data Timing Diagram - DDR50 Mode

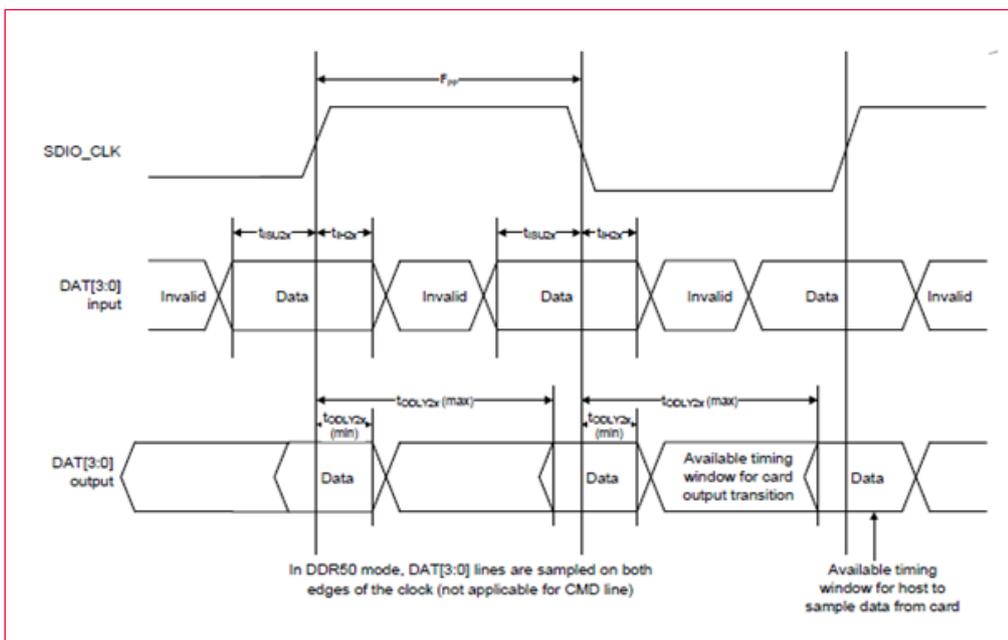


Table 22: SDIO Data Timing Parameters - DDR50 Mode

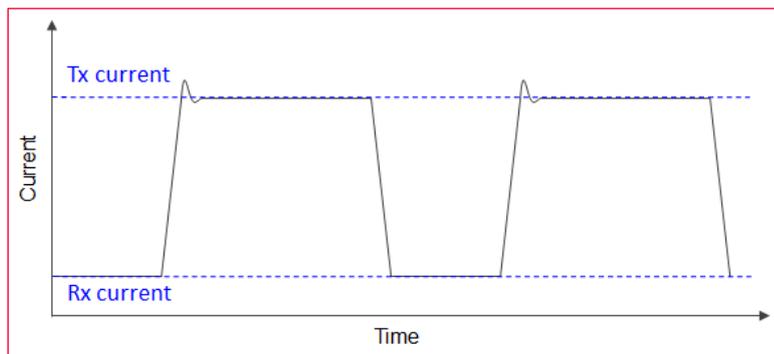
| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Unit | Comments |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------|---------|------|------------------------|
| Input CMD | | | | | |
| Input setup time | t _{ISU} | 6 | | ns | Ccard < 10 pF (1 card) |
| Input hold time | t _{IH} | 0.8 | | ns | Ccard < 10 pF (1 card) |
| Output CMD | | | | | |
| Output delay time | t _{ODLY} | | 13.7 | ns | Ccard < 30 pF (1 card) |
| Output hold time | t _{OH} | 1.5 | | ns | Ccard < 15 pF (1 card) |
| Input DAT | | | | | |
| Input setup time | t _{ISU2x} | 3 | | ns | Ccard < 10 pF (1 card) |
| Input hold time | t _{IH2x} | 0.8 | | ns | Ccard < 10 pF (1 card) |
| Output DAT | | | | | |
| Output delay time | t _{ODLY2x} | | 7.5 | ns | Ccard < 25 pF (1 card) |
| Output hold time | t _{OH2x} | 1.5 | | ns | Ccard < 15 pF (1 card) |

15 DC/RF Characteristics

This section describes the electrical characteristics of the Type 2GY module.

Burst current definition is shown in **Figure 21**

Figure 21: Burst Current Definition



15.1 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11b - 2.4 GHz

Table 23: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11b - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11b |
| Mode | DSSS / CCK |
| Channel Frequency | 2412 - 2472 MHz |
| Data Rate | 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps |

15.1.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11b - 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, 11 Mbps mode

Table 24: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11b - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 19 dBm) | | 280 | 390 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 16.5 | 19 | 21.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 1 st side lobes (-30 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 2 nd side lobes (-50 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Power-on and Power-down ramp | | | 2.0 | μs |
| RF Carrier Suppression | 15 | | | dB |
| Modulation Accuracy (EVM) | | | 35 | % |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -89 | -76 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (FER ≤ 8%) | -10 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (FER ≤ 8%) | 35 | | | dB |

15.1.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11b - 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, 1 Mbps mode

Table 25: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11b - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 20 dBm) | | 290 | 400 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 17.5 | 20 | 22.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 1st side lobes (-30 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 2nd side lobes (-50 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| Power-on and Power-down Ramp | | | 2.0 | μs |
| RF Carrier Suppression | 15 | | | dB |
| Modulation Accuracy (EVM) | | | 35 | % |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -76 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (FER ≤ 8%) | -10 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (FER ≤ 8%) | 35 | | | dB |

15.2 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11g - 2.4GHz

Table 26: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11g - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11g |
| Mode | OFDM |
| Channel Frequency | 2412 - 2472 MHz |
| Data Rate | 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps |

15.2.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11g - 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, 54 Mbps mode

Table 27: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11g - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 17 dBm) | | 230 | 300 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14.5 | 17 | 19.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -25 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out Band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -76 | -65 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 10%) | -20 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -1 | | | dB |

15.2.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11g – 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, 6 Mbps mode

Table 28: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11g - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------|---------|---------|------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 17 dBm) | | 260 | 340 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14.5 | 17 | 19.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out Band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 10%) | -20 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.3 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11n - 2.4 GHz

Table 29: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11n - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11n |
| Mode | OFDM |
| Channel Frequency | 2412 - 2472 MHz |
| Data Rate | MCS0 - MCS7 |

15.3.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n - 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS7

Table 30: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 16 dBm) | | 220 | 290 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 13.5 | 16 | 18.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -45 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-45 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -27 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -76 | -64 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 10%) | -20 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -2 | | | dB |

15.3.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n – 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS0

Table 31: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------|---------|---------|------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 17 dBm) | | 250 | 340 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14.5 | 17 | 19.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -45 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-45 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 10%) | -20 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.4 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11ax - 2.4 GHz

Table 32: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11ax - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11ax |
| Mode | OFDM (OFDMA) |
| Channel Frequency | 2412 - 2472 MHz |
| Data Rate | MCS0 - MCS11 |

15.4.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax - 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS11

Table 33: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 14 dBm) | | 220 | 300 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 11.5 | 14 | 16.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -45 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-45 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -35 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -63 | -52 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 10%) | -20 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -2 | | | dB |

15.4.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax – 2.4 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS0

Table 34: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax - 2.4 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------|---------|---------|------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 17 dBm) | | 250 | 340 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 40 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14.5 | 17 | 19.5 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -45 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-45 dB) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Out band Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER ≤ 10%) | -20 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.5 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11a - 5 GHz

Table 35: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11a - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|--|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11a |
| Mode | OFDM |
| Channel Frequency | 5180 to 5320 MHz, 5500 to 5720 MHz, 5745 to 5825 MHz |
| Data Rate | 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps |

15.5.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11a - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, 54 Mbps

Table 36: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11a - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 16 dBm) | | 360 | 480 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14 | 16 | 18 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -25 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -74 | -65 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |

| | | | | |
|--|----|--|--|----|
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -1 | | | dB |
|--|----|--|--|----|

15.5.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11a - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, 6 Mbps

Table 37: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11a - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Current Consumption | | | | |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 16 dBm) | | 360 | 480 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14 | 16 | 18 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.6 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11n (HT20) - 5 GHz

Table 38: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11n (HT20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|--|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11n |
| Mode | OFDM |
| Channel Frequency | 5180 to 5320 MHz, 5500 to 5720 MHz, 5745 to 5825 MHz |
| Data Rate | MCS0 - MCS7 |

15.6.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n (HT20) - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, Output power setting = 14 dBm, MCS7

Table 39: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n (HT20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 14 dBm) | | 320 | 420 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 12 | 14 | 16 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -27 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |

| | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -74 | -64 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -2 | | | dB |

15.6.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n (HT20) - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, Output power setting = 16 dBm, MCS0

Table 40: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11n (HT20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Current Consumption | | | | |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 16 dBm) | | 360 | 480 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14 | 16 | 18 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.7 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20) - 5 GHz

Table 41: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|--|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11ac |
| Mode | OFDM |
| Channel Frequency | 5180 to 5320 MHz, 5500 to 5720 MHz, 5745 to 5825 MHz |
| Data Rate | MCS0 - MCS8 |

15.7.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20) - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, Output power setting = 13 dBm, MCS8

Table 42: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 13 dBm) | | 300 | 410 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 11 | 13 | 15 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -30 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -70 | -59 | dBm |

| | | | | |
|--|-----|--|--|-----|
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -7 | | | dB |

15.7.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20) - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS0

Table 43: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ac (VHT20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Current Consumption | | | | |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 16 dBm) | | 360 | 480 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14 | 16 | 18 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.8 DC/RF Characteristics for IEEE 802.11ax (HE20) - 5 GHz

Table 44: Characteristics Values for IEEE 802.11ax (HE20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents |
|-------------------|--|
| Specification | IEEE 802.11ax |
| Mode | OFDM (OFDMA) |
| Channel Frequency | 5180 to 5320 MHz, 5500 to 5720 MHz, 5745 to 5825 MHz |
| Data Rate | MCS0 - MCS11 |

15.8.1 High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax (HE20) - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS11

Table 45: High-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax (HE20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 10 dBm) | | 270 | 360 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 8 | 10 | 12 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -35 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | -59 | -52 | dBm |

| | | | | |
|--|-----|--|--|-----|
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | -7 | | | dB |

15.8.2 Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax (HE20) - 5 GHz

Conditions: 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V, MCS0

Table 46: Low-Rate Condition for IEEE 802.11ax (HE20) - 5 GHz

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Current Consumption | | | | |
| • Tx mode (Power setting: 16 dBm) | | 360 | 480 | mA |
| • Rx mode | | 50 | | mA |
| Tx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power | 14 | 16 | 18 | dBm |
| Spectrum Mask Margin | | | | |
| • 9 MHz to 11 MHz (0 ~ -20 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 11 MHz to 20 MHz (-20 ~ -28 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 20 MHz to 30 MHz (-28 ~ -40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| • 30 MHz to 33 MHz (-40 dBr) | 0 | | | dB |
| Constellation Error (EVM) | | | -5 | dB |
| Frequency Tolerance | -20 | | 20 | ppm |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 5150 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5350 - 5470 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| • 5725 - 26000 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Rx Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Minimum Input Level Sensitivity | | | -82 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Level (PER < 10%) | -30 | | | dBm |
| Adjacent Channel Rejection (PER ≤ 10%) | 16 | | | dB |

15.10 DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth

Conditions : 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V

Table 47: DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Bluetooth Specification (power class) | Version 5.4 | | | |
| Channel Frequency (spacing) | 2402 to 2480 MHz (1 MHz) | | | |
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Tx = Rx = DH5 (fully occupied) | | 35 | 45 | mA |
| • Tx = Rx = 2DH5 (fully occupied) | | 28 | 36 | mA |
| • Tx = Rx = 3DH5 (fully occupied) | | 28 | 36 | mA |
| Transmitter | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Output Power (at DH5) | 6 | 9 | 12 | dBm |
| Output Power (at 2DH5, 3DH5) | 1 | 4 | 7 | dBm |
| Frequency range | 2400 | | 2483.5 | MHz |
| 20 dB bandwidth | | | 1 | MHz |
| Adjacent Channel Power | | | | |
| • [M-N] = 2 | | | -20 | dBm |
| • [M-N] ≥ 3 | | | -40 | dBm |
| Modulation Characteristics | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • Modulation $\Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$ | 140 | | 175 | kHz |
| • Modulation $\Delta f_{2\text{max}}$ | 115 | | | kHz |
| • Modulation $\Delta f_{2\text{avg}} / \Delta f_{1\text{avg}}$ | 0.8 | | | |
| Carrier Frequency Drift | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| • 1slot | -25 | | +25 | kHz |
| • 3slot / 5slot | -40 | | +40 | kHz |
| • Maximum drift rate | | | 20 | kHz/50 μ s |
| EDR Relative Power | -4 | | 1 | dB |
| EDR Carrier Frequency Stability and Modulation Accuracy | | | | |
| • ω_i | -75 | | 75 | kHz |
| • $\omega_i + \omega_o$ | -75 | | 75 | kHz |
| • ω_o | -10 | | 10 | kHz |
| • RMS DEVM (DQPSK) | | | 20 | % |
| • Peak DEVM (DQPSK) | | | 35 | % |
| • 99% DEVM (DQPSK) | | | 30 | % |
| • RMS DEVM (8DPSK) | | | 13 | % |
| • Peak DEVM (8DPSK) | | | 25 | % |
| • 99% DEVM (8DPSK) | | | 20 | % |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |

| Items | Contents | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|------|
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Receiver | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| BDR Sensitivity (BER ≤ 0.1%) | | -92 | -70 | dBm |
| EDR Sensitivity (BER ≤ 0.007%) @8DPSK | | -88 | -70 | dBm |
| C/I Performance (BER ≤ 0.1%) | | | | |
| • co-channel | | | 11 | dB |
| • 1 MHz | | | 0 | dB |
| • 2 MHz | | | -30 | dB |
| • 3 MHz | | | -40 | dB |
| • image (+4 MHz) | | | -9 | dB |
| • image +/- 1 MHz | | | -20 | dB |
| Maximum Input Level (BER ≤ 0.1%) | -20 | | | dBm |



Adjacent Channel Power: Up to three spurious responses within Bluetooth limits are allowed.

15.11 DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth Low Energy

Conditions : 25 °C, VBAT = 3.3V, VDDIO = 1.8V

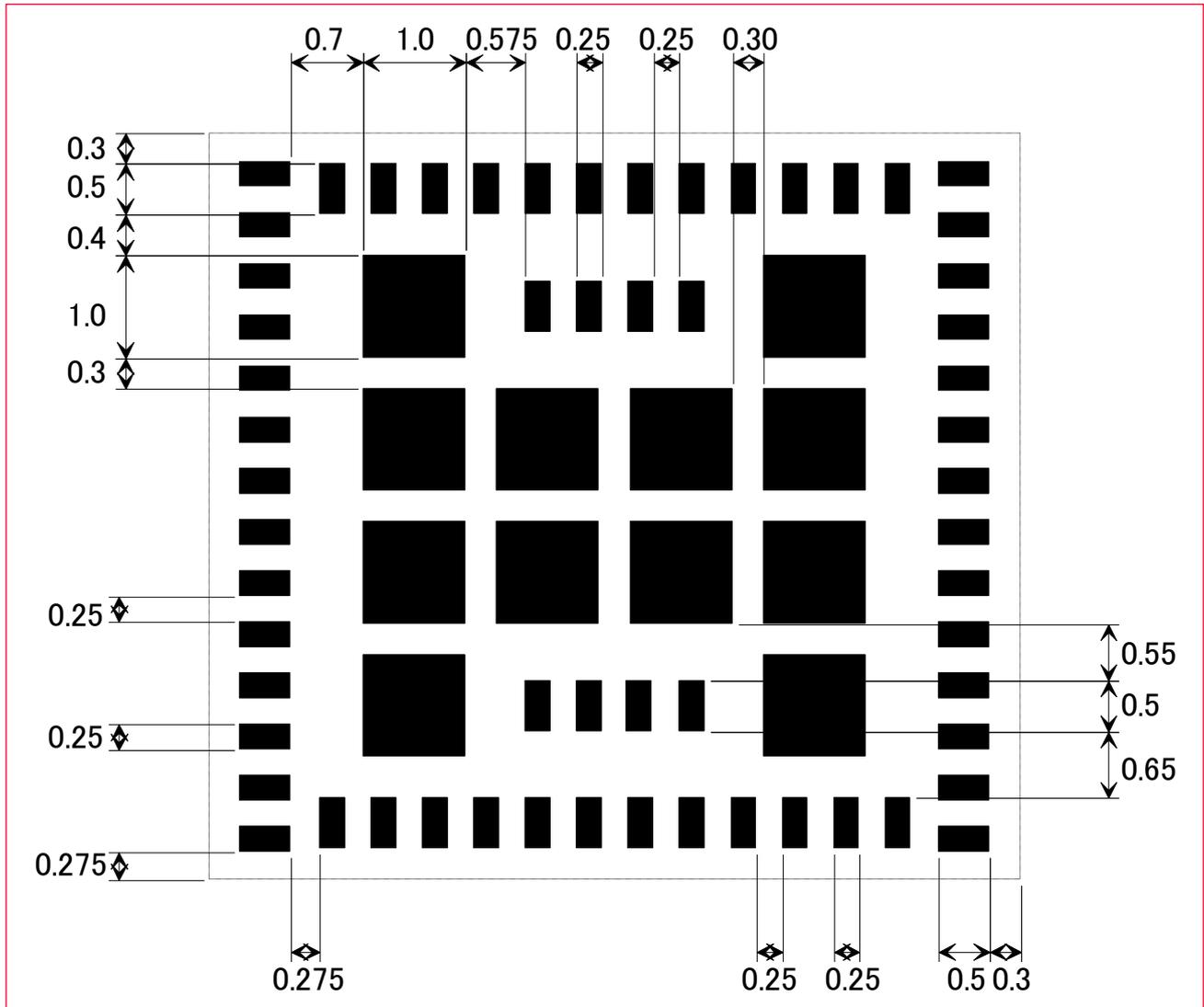
Table 48: DC/RF Characteristics for Bluetooth Low Energy

| Items | Contents | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| Bluetooth Specification (power class) | Version 5.4(LE) | | | |
| Channel Frequency (spacing) | 2402 to 2480 MHz (2 MHz) | | | |
| Current Consumption | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Tx Mode for US (fully occupied) | | 35 | 45 | mA |
| Tx Mode for EU/JP (fully occupied) | | 25 | 33 | mA |
| Rx Mode | | 15 | 18 | mA |
| Item / Condition | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Center Frequency | 2402 | | 2480 | MHz |
| Channel Spacing | | 2 | | MHz |
| Number of RF Channel | | 40 | | |
| Output Power for US | 6 | 9 | 12 | dBm |
| Output Power for EU/JP | 1 | 4 | 7 | dBm |
| Modulation Characteristics | | | | |
| • Δf_{1avg} | 225 | | 275 | kHz |
| • Δf_{2max} (at 99.9%) | 185 | | | kHz |
| • $\Delta f_{2avg} / \Delta f_{1avg}$ | 0.8 | | | |
| Carrier Frequency Offset and Drift | | | | |
| • Frequency offset (f_n); $n = 0, 1, 2, 3 \dots k$ | -150 | | 150 | kHz |
| • Frequency drift ($ f_0 - f_n $); $n = 2, 3, 4 \dots k$ | | | 50 | kHz |
| Drift Rate | | | | |
| • $ f_1 - f_0 $ | | | 23 | kHz |
| • $ f_n - f_{n-5} $; $n = 6, 7, 8 \dots k$ | | | 20 | kHz |
| Spurious Emissions | | | | |
| • 30 - 47 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 47 - 74 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 74 - 87.5 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 87.5 - 118 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 118 - 174 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 174 - 230 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 230 - 470 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 470 - 862 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -54 | dBm |
| • 862 - 1000 MHz (BW = 100 kHz) | | | -36 | dBm |
| • 1000 - 12750 MHz (BW = 1 MHz) | | | -30 | dBm |
| Receiver | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Unit |
| Receiver Sensitivity (PER < 30.8%) | | -96 | -70 | dBm |
| Maximum Input Signal Level (PER < 30.8%) | -10 | | | dBm |
| PER Report Integrity (-30 dBm input) | 50 | | 65.4 | % |

16 Land Pattern (Top View)

Figure 22 shows the land pattern for the module.

Figure 22: Land Pattern (Unit: mm)



To avoid the short-circuit between the side shielding and a solder on the module land after the reflow, please locate the module land at 0.2 millimeter away from module outline as above figure.

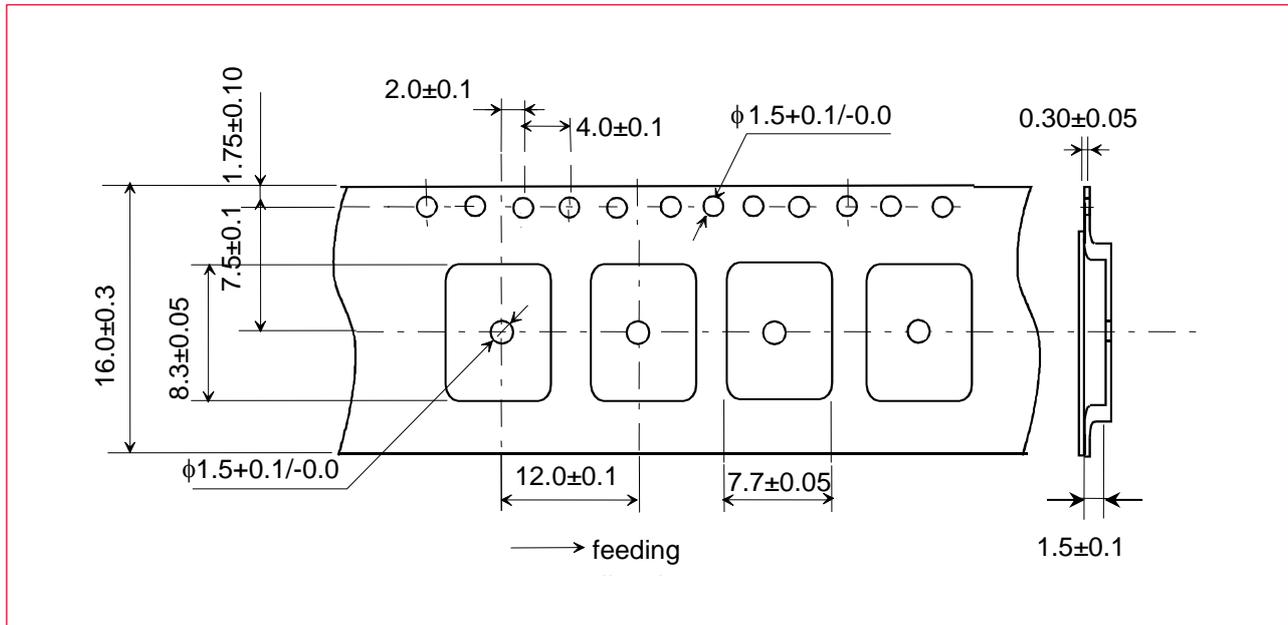
17 Tape And Reel Packing

This section describes the tape and reel packing, i.e., the dimensions of the plastic tape, reel and taping diagrams.

17.1 Dimensions of Tape (Plastic Tape)

Figure 23 is a graphical representation of the tape dimensions (plastic tape).

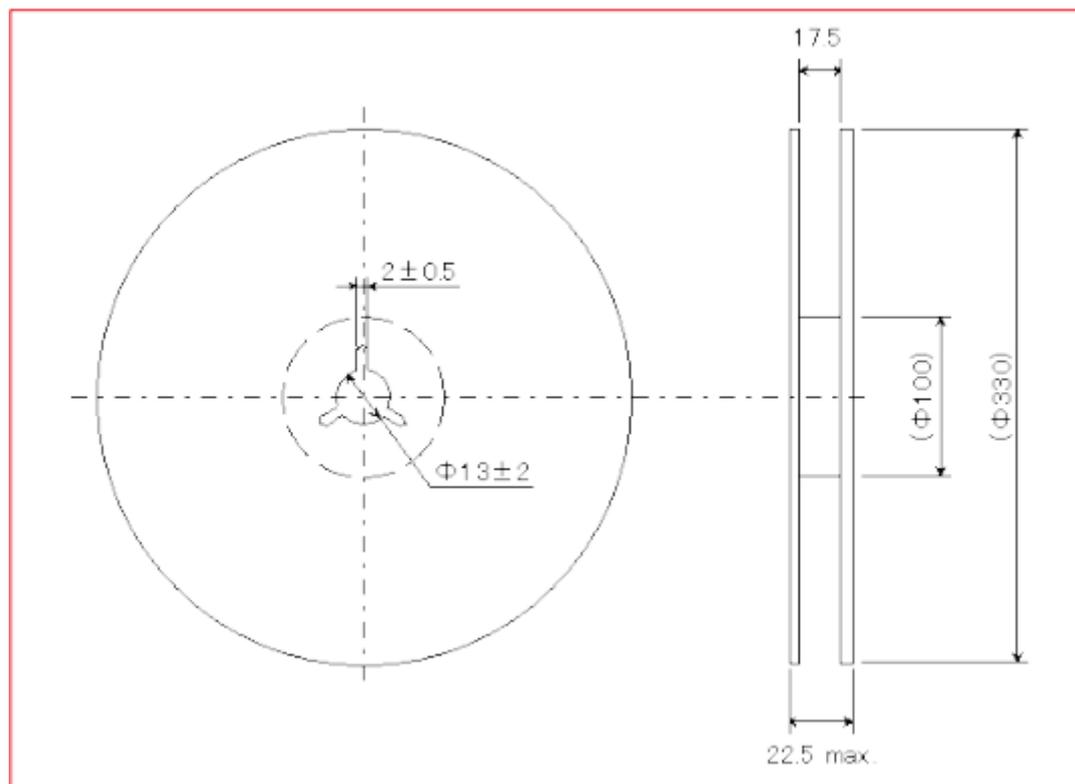
Figure 23: Dimensions of Tape (Unit: mm)



17.2 Dimensions of Reel

Figure 24 shows the dimensions of reel.

Figure 24: Dimensions of Reel (Unit: mm)



17.3 Taping Diagrams

Figure 25 shows the taping diagrams.

Figure 25: Taping Diagrams

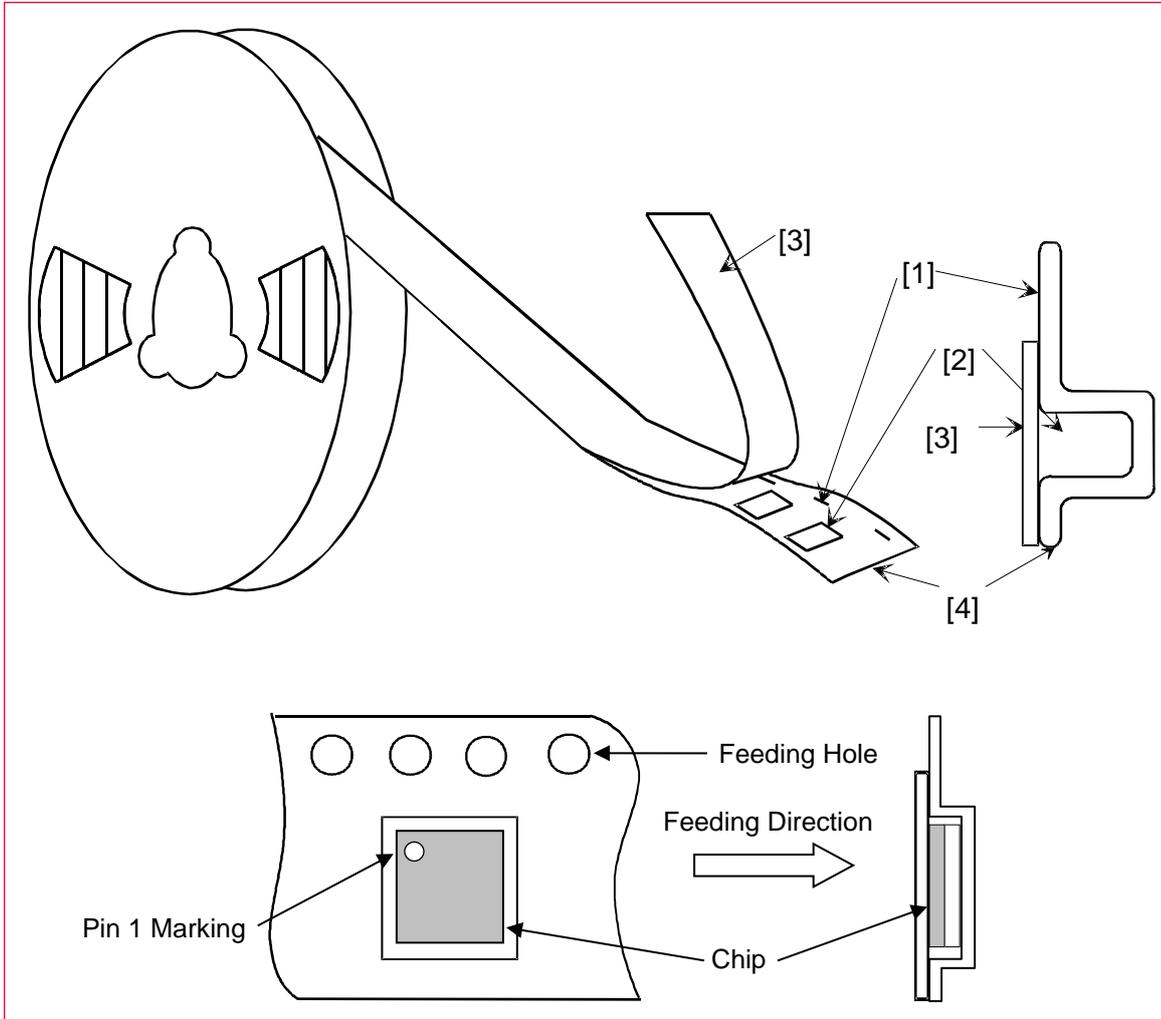


Table 49 describes the taping specifications.

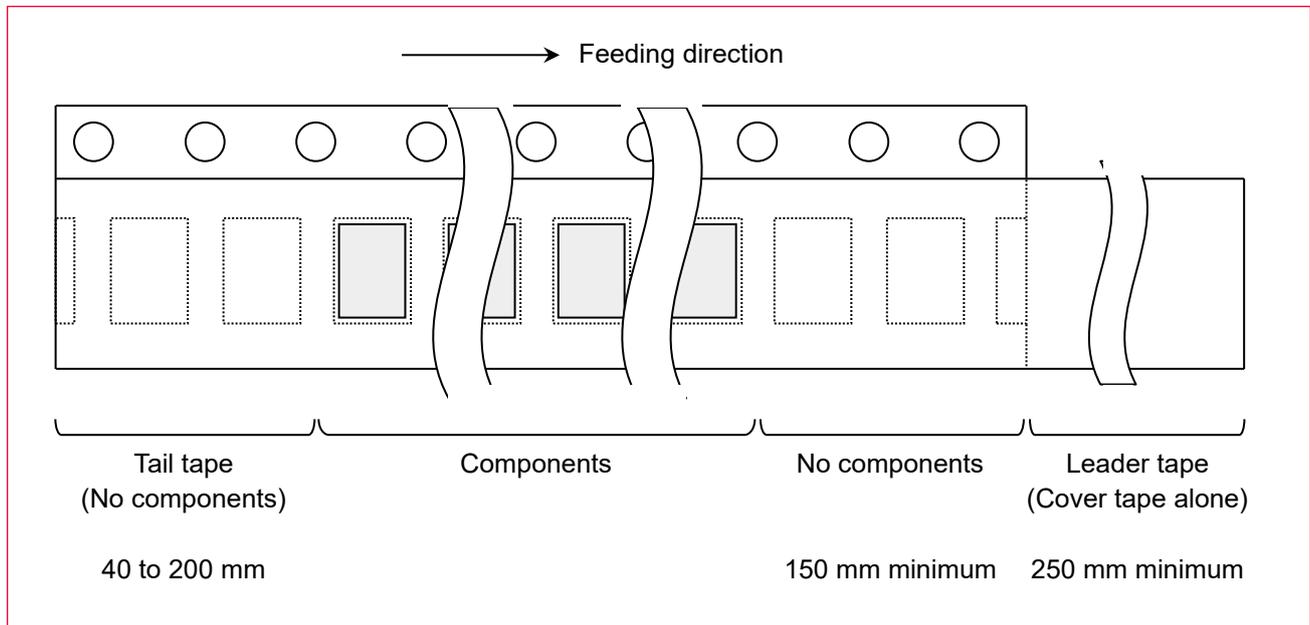
Table 49: Taping Specifications

| Mark | Description |
|------|--|
| 1 | Feeding Hole: As specified in Dimensions of Tape (Plastic Tape) ☞ |
| 2 | Hole for chip: As specified in Dimensions of Tape (Plastic Tape) ☞ |
| 3 | Cover tape: 62 μm in thickness |
| 4 | Base tape: As specified in Dimensions of Tape (Plastic Tape) ☞ |

17.4 Leader and Tail Tape

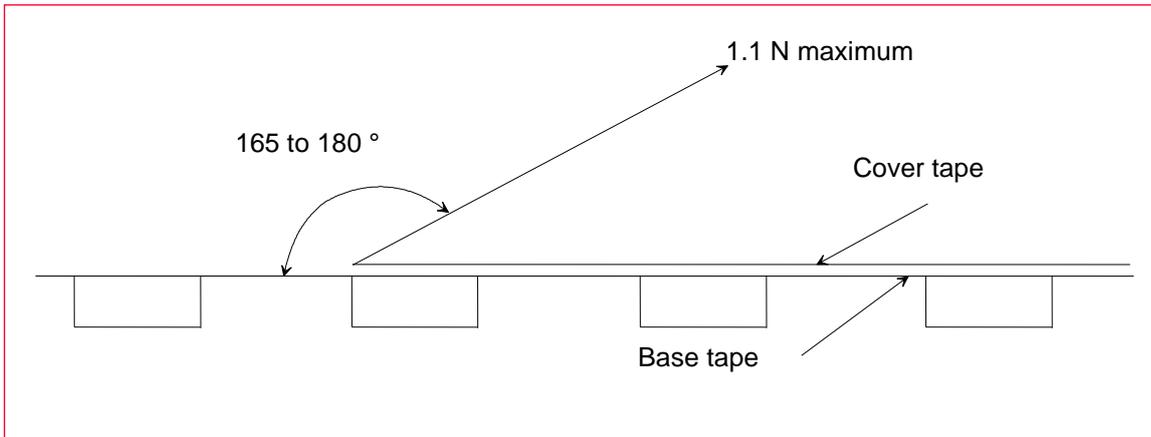
Figure 26 shows the leader and tail tape.

Figure 26: Leader and Tail Tape



- The tape for chips is wound clockwise, the feeding holes to the right side as the tape is pulled toward the user.
- The cover tape and base tape are not adhered at no components area for 250 mm minimum.
- Tear off strength against pulling of cover tape: 5 N minimum.
- Packaging unit: 1000 pcs/reel
- Material
 - Base tape: Plastic
 - Reel: Plastic
- Cover tape, cavity tape and reel are made the anti-static processing.
- Peeling of force: 1.1 N maximum in the direction of peeling as shown in **Figure 27**.

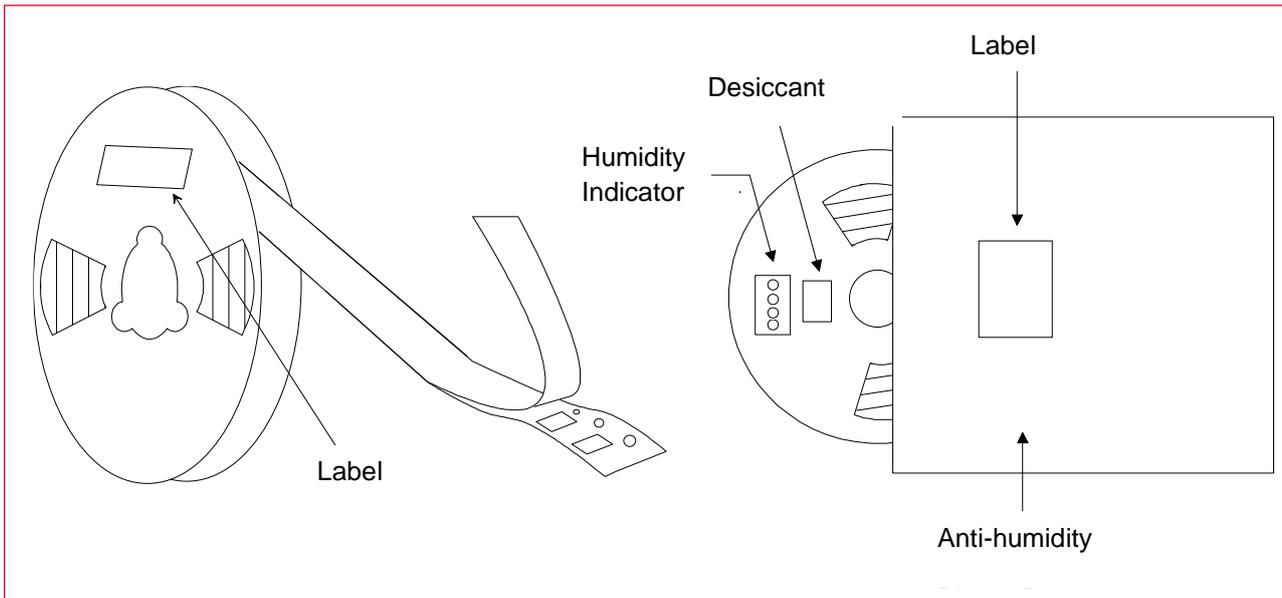
Figure 27: Peeling Off Force



17.5 Humidity Proof Packing

Figure 28 shows the humidity proof packaging.

Figure 28: Humidity Proof Packaging



Tape and reel must be sealed with the anti-humidity plastic bag. The bag contains the desiccant and the humidity indicator.

18 Notice

18.1 Storage Conditions

Please use this product within 6 months after receipt.

- The product must be stored without opening the packing under the ambient temperature from 5 to 35 °C and humidity from 20 ~ 70 %RH.



- Packing materials, in particular, may be deformed at the temperature over 40 °C

- The solderability of the product left idle for more than 6 months after receipt needs to be confirmed before it is used.
- The product must be stored in noncorrosive gas (Cl₂, NH₃, SO₂, NO_x, etc.).
- Any excess mechanical shock including, but not limited to, sticking the packing materials by sharp object, and dropping the product, must not be applied as that will damage the packing materials.

This product is applicable to MSL3 (Based on JEDEC Standard J-STD-020)

- After the packing is opened, the product must be stored at <30 °C / <60 %RH and the product *should be* used within 168 hours after opening.
- When the color of the indicator in the packing is changed, the product *should be* baked before soldering.
- **Baking condition:** 125 +5/-0 °C, 24 hours, 1 time



- The products must be baked on the heat-resistant tray because the material (Base Tape, Reel Tape and Cover Tape) is not heat-resistant.

18.2 Handling Conditions

Be careful while handling or transporting products because excessive stress or mechanical shock may break the products.

Handle with care if you suspect that products may have cracks or damages on their terminals. If there is any such damage, the characteristics of products may change. *Do not touch* products with bare hands as that may cause poor solderability and cause damage by static electrical charge.

18.3 Standard PCB Design (Land Pattern and Dimensions)

All the ground terminals should be connected to the ground patterns. Furthermore, the ground pattern should be provided between IN and OUT terminals. Please refer to the specifications for the standard land dimensions.

The recommended land pattern and dimensions should be as per Murata's standard. The characteristics of products may vary depending on the pattern drawing method, grounding method, land dimensions, land forming method of the NC terminals and the PCB material and thickness. Therefore, be sure to verify the characteristics in the actual set.



- When using non-standard lands, contact Murata in advance.

18.4 Notice for Chip Placer

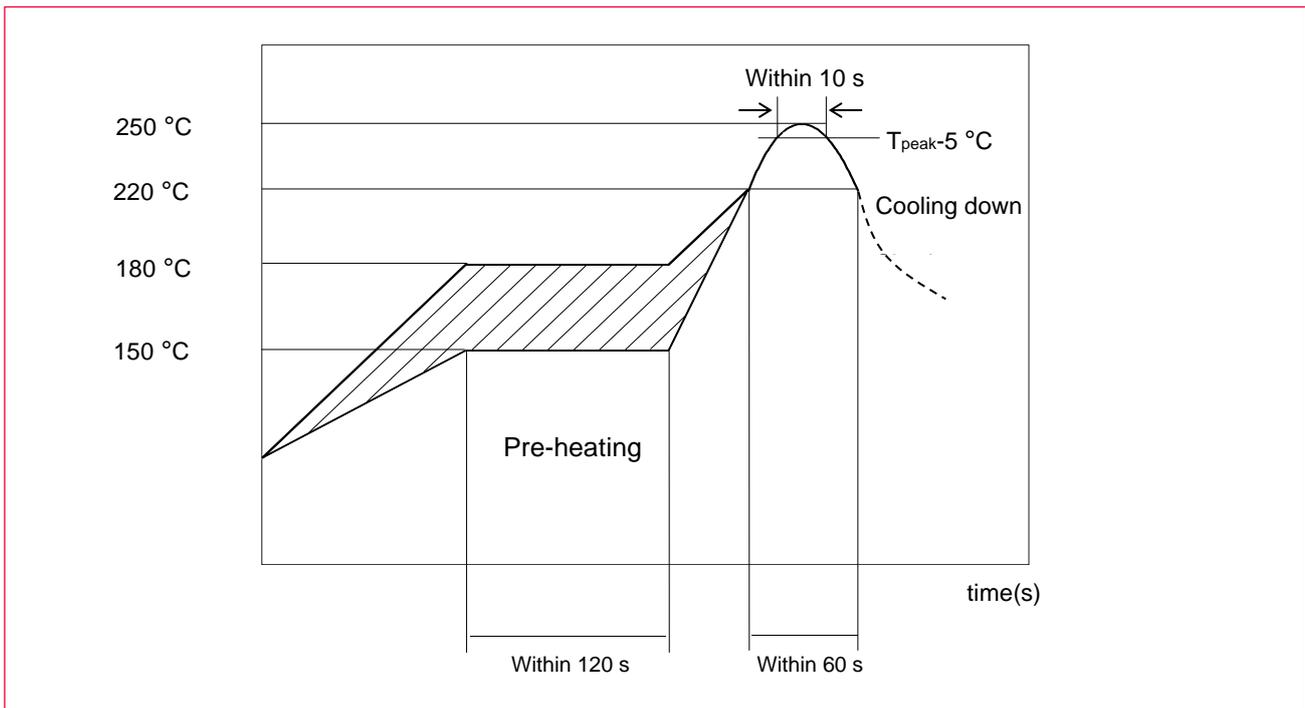
When placing products on the PCB, products may be stressed and broken by uneven forces from a worn-out chucking locating claw or a suction nozzle. To prevent products from damages, be sure to follow the specifications for the maintenance of the chip placer being used. For the positioning of products on the PCB, be aware that mechanical chucking may damage products.

18.5 Soldering Conditions

The recommendation conditions of soldering are as in **Figure 29**

Soldering must be carried out by the above-mentioned conditions to prevent products damage. Set up the highest temperature of reflow within 260 °C. Contact Murata before use concerning other soldering conditions.

Figure 29: Reflow Soldering Standard Conditions (Example)



- Please use the reflow within 2 times.
- Use rosin type flux or weakly active flux with a chlorine content of 0.2 wt. % or less.

18.6 Cleaning

Since this Product is Moisture Sensitive, cleaning is not recommended. If any cleaning process is done the customer is responsible for any issues or failures caused such process.

18.7 Operational Environment Conditions

Murata products are designed to work for electronic products under normal environmental conditions (ambient temperature, humidity, and pressure). Therefore, there is no problem in using the products under the above-mentioned conditions. However, using the products under the following circumstances may damage products and cause electricity leakage and abnormal temperature may occur:

- In atmosphere containing corrosive gas (Cl₂, NH₃, SO_x, NO_x etc.).
- In atmosphere containing combustible and volatile gases.
- Dusty place.
- Direct sunlight place.
- Water splashing place.
- Humid place where water condenses.
- Freezing place.



If there is any chance of using the products under the conditions listed above, consult with Murata before actual use.



Do not apply static electricity or excessive voltage while assembling and measuring the products, as it might be a cause of degradation or destruction to apply static electricity to products.

18.8 Input Power Capacity

Products shall be used in the input power capacity as specified in this specification.

Inform Murata beforehand, in case that the components are used beyond such input power capacity range.

19 Precondition to Use Our Products



PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE BEFORE USING OUR PRODUCTS.

Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed from the aspect of the fitness for the specifications of our product when our product is mounted to your product.

All the items and parameters in this product specification/datasheet/catalog have been prescribed on the premise that our product is used for the purpose, under the condition and in the environment specified in this specification. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the condition and the environment specified in this specification.

Please note that the only warranty that we provide regarding the products is its conformance to the specifications provided herein. Accordingly, we shall not be responsible for any defects in products or equipment incorporating such products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this specification.

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- Aerospace equipment.
- Undersea equipment.
- Power plant control equipment.
- Medical equipment.
- Traffic signal equipment.

- Burning / explosion control equipment.
- Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment.
- Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships, elevator, etc.).
- Application of similar complexity and/ or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.
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Revision History

| Revision Code | Date | Changed Item | Comment |
|---------------|------------|--|--|
| | 2023.04.17 | | Initial Release |
| 1 (A) | 2023.06.06 | Add Reference circuit | |
| 2 (B) | 2023.10.12 | Updated VBAT/VDDIO | |
| 3 (C) | 2023.12.01 | Update Datasheet Format | |
| (D) | 2024.03.26 | Update RF characteristics | • |
| 4 (E) | 2024.05.28 | 9. Operating temperature range P.14 10. External LPO_IN signal Requirement P.15 15. Update RF characteristics P.26-P.43 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change operating temperature range from -30~85 to -40~85, add specification temperature range. • Revise External LPO_IN signal input signal amplitude from 200~3300 to 200~1800 • Change the out band Spurious Emissions to TBD of 2.4G |
| 5 (F) | 2024.09.06 | 2. Key Feature P.7 5.2 Bluetooth Qualification P.9 6. Dimensions, Markings and Terminal Configurations P.10 9. Operating Condition P.14 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update the weight the information from 0.15g to 0.2g and MSL level • Update the Bluetooth Qualification ID • Update module side view and Bump height information T1 = 0.04 Typ. • Update module operating voltage VBAT from 3.13~3.5 to 3.0~4.8 V |
| 6 (G) | 2024.11.06 | 5.1 Radio Certification 8. Absolute Maximum Ratings 15. DC/RF characteristics 18. Tape and Reel packing 20. Preconditions to Use Our Products | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update Radio certification ID • Add Peak current information. • Update RF performance, such as TX power, TX current, RX current, Sensitivity level • Update Tape and Reel information • Update the Preconditions |
| 7 (H) | 2024.11.25 | 15. DC/RF characteristics | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update RF performance, such as low data rate TX power, TX current |
| 8 (2.0) | 2025.02.18 | Remove Preliminary 2. Key Feature 4. Block Diagram 5.1 Radio Certification 6. Dimensions, Markings, and Terminal Configurations P.11 14.2 PCM interface Timing 14.3 WLAN SDIO Timing 15.12 DC/RF characteristics 17. Reference circuit | <p>Refer to IC DS rev I</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update key feature information • Block Diagram was revised. • Move FCC/IC/CE/JRL ID to certification note • "Figure 3: Structure" was added. • Remove below timing title: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 14.2.3 Long Frame Sync, Master Mode ○ 14.2.4 Long Frame Sync, Slave Mode ○ 14.2.5 Short Frame Sync, Burst Mode ○ 14.2.6 Long Frame Sync, Burst Mode • Revised SDIO Timing of Default Mode • Update format • Move to HW app note |

| Revision Code | Date | Changed Item | Comment |
|---------------|------------|--|---|
| 9 | 2025.06.09 | 2. Key Feature 5 Certification Information 11. IO State 12 Power-On Sequence 15 DC/RF Characteristics 18.5 Soldering Conditions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update FIT information. Add certification information Remove RF_SW_CTRL_CTRL_X info Add Power-On Sequence Format changed, add BT/BLE Power max/min value Updated Updated (Base IC datasheet revision: I) |
| 10 | 2025.10.27 | 5 Certification Information | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revise Certification FCC/IC ID Revise the description for CE part. |
| 11 | 2025.11.5 | 6 Structure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revise Ag Shield to Stainless Steel Thin Film |



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