

**CHIP COIL (CHIP INDUCTOR) for Automotive powertrain/safety equipment
DFE2MCPH□□□□JL□□ Murata Standard Reference Specification [AEC-Q200]****1. Scope**

This reference specification applies to chip coil (chip inductor) DFE2MCPH_JL series based on AEC-Q200.

1.1 Specific applications:

- Automotive powertrain/safety equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment related to running, turning, stopping, safety devices, etc., or equipment whose structure, equipment, and performance are legally required to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- Automotive infotainment/comfort equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment such as car navigation systems and car audio systems that do not directly relate to human life and whose structure, equipment, and performance are not specifically required by law to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- Medical equipment (GHTF Class C) *Except for Implant/surgery/auto injector: Products that can be used for medical equipment of Class C of the international classification class GHTF and whose malfunction is considered to pose a relatively high risk to the human body.
- Medical equipment (GHTF Class A and B): Products that can be used for medical equipment regulated by Class A and Class B of the international classification class GHTF and whose functions do not directly relate to the protection of human life and property.

1.2 Unsuitable application:

Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this reference specification.

2. Part Numbering

(Ex.)

| DF | E | 2M | CPH | R33 | M | JL | L | Q |
|------------|------|----------------------|---|------------|-----------|----------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Product ID | Type | Dimension (L × W) | Application and characteristic (H: for automotive electronics) | Inductance | Tolerance | Category | Packaging L: taping | Individual specification |

3. Part Number and Rating

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|-----------------|--|
| Operating temperature range | (ambient temperature not including self-temperature rise) | | -40°C to +115°C | |
| | (product temperature including self-temperature rise) | | -40°C to +155°C | |
| Storage temperature range | -40°C to +155°C | | | |

| Customer Part number | Murata Part number | Inductance | | DC resistance (Ω) | Rated current* (mA) | | | | ESD Rank | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|----|
| | | Nominal value (μH) | Tolerance | | Max. | Typ. | Max. | Typ. | | |
| | DFE2MCPHR10MJLLQ | 0.10 | ±20% | 0.010 | 0.007 | 11100 | 13900 | 7500 | 9400 | 1A |
| | DFE2MCPHR22MJLLQ | 0.22 | ±20% | 0.015 | 0.012 | 8200 | 10200 | 5600 | 7000 | 1A |
| | DFE2MCPHR33MJLLQ | 0.33 | ±20% | 0.018 | 0.014 | 6900 | 8100 | 5100 | 6400 | 1A |
| | DFE2MCPHR47MJLLQ | 0.47 | ±20% | 0.022 | 0.019 | 5400 | 6300 | 4400 | 5500 | 1A |

* Keep the temperature (ambient temperature plus self-generation of heat) under 155°C.
The rated current is the rated current based on inductance change and the rated current based on temperature rise, whichever is smaller one.

* As shown in the diagram below, derating is applied to the rated current based on the product temperature.

Derating of Rated Current

Product temperature (°C)

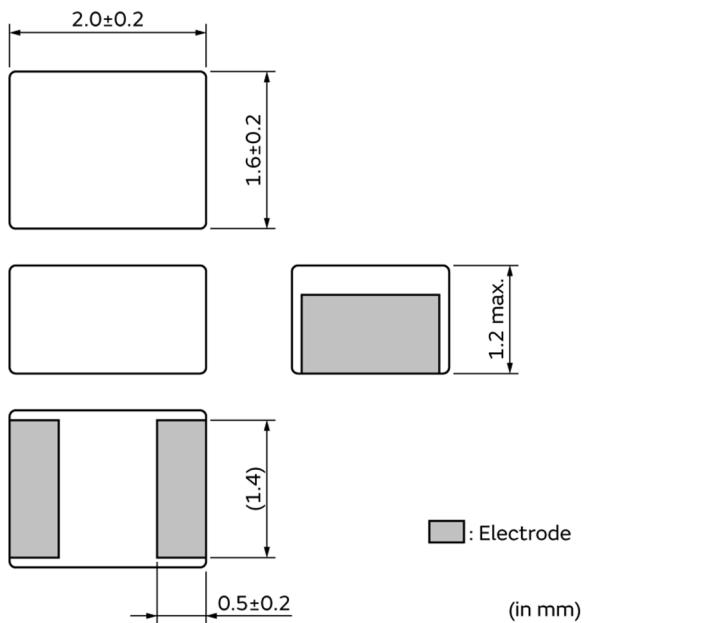
I_{OP}: Loaded current
I_R : Rated current

| ESD Rank | Maximum Withstand Voltage |
|----------|---------------------------|
| 1A | < 500 V (DC) |

4. Testing Conditions

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Unless otherwise specified | Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)] |
| In case of doubt | Temperature: 20°C±2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa |

5. Appearance and Dimensions



Unit mass (typical value): 0.023g

6. Marking

No marking.

7. Electrical Performance

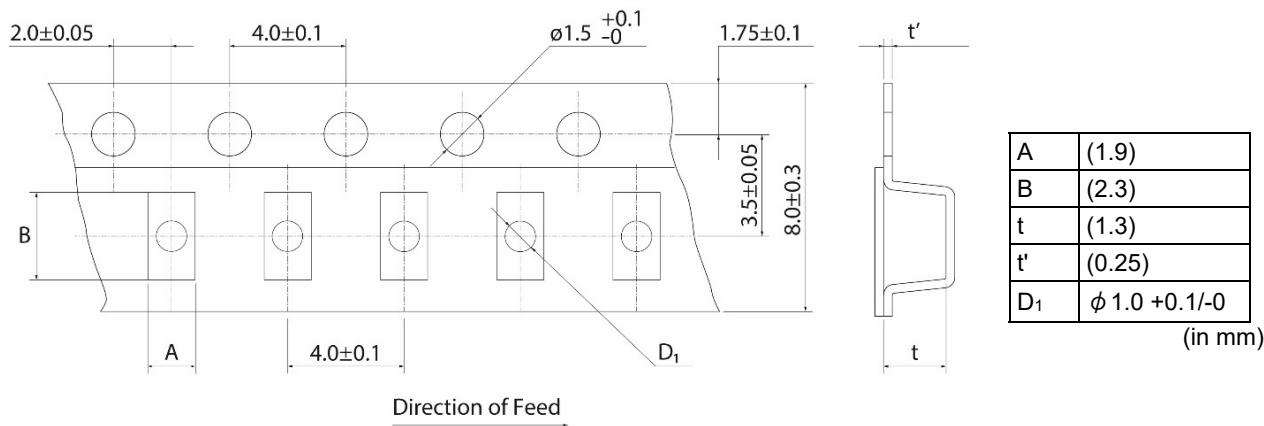
| No. | Item | Specification | Test method |
|-----|---|--|---|
| 7.1 | Inductance | Meet chapter 3 ratings. | Measuring equipment: Keysight 4284A or the equivalent Measuring voltage: 0.5 V Measuring frequency: 1 MHz |
| 7.2 | DC resistance | Meet chapter 3 ratings. | Measuring equipment: digital multimeter |
| 7.3 | Rated current (Based on inductance change) | Inductance change : within $\pm 30\%$ | Apply the rated current specified in chapter 3 at ordinary temperature. |
| 7.4 | Rated current (Based on temperature rise) | Temperature rise caused by self-generated heat shall be limited to 40°C max. | Apply the rated current specified in chapter 3 at ordinary temperature. |

8. Q200 Requirement**Performance(based on Table 5 for Magnetics Inductors/Transformer)****AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June 1. 2010**

| AEC-Q200 | | Murata Specification / Deviation |
|----------|------------------------------|---|
| No. | Stress | |
| 3 | High temperature exposure | Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% 1000 h at 155°C Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured. |
| 4 | Temperature cycling | Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% 1000 cycles -40°C to +155°C Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured. |
| 7 | Biased humidity | Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% 1000 h at 85°C, 85% (RH). Unpowered. Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured. |
| 8 | Operational life | Applying current: Rated current at test temperature Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% Apply 115°C 1000 h Set for 24 h at room condition, then measured. |
| 9 | External visual | No abnormalities |
| 10 | Physical dimension | No defects Meet chapter 5, "Appearance and Dimensions". |
| 12 | Resistance to solvents | Not applicable Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215 |
| 13 | Mechanical shock | Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition C: 100 g's/6 ms/half sine |
| 14 | Vibration | Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% 5 g's for 20 min, 12 cycles each of 3 orientations Test from 10 Hz to 2000 Hz |
| 15 | Resistance to Soldering Heat | Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% No-heating Solder temperature 260°C±5°C Immersion time 10 s <u>Deviation for AEC-Q200</u> Pre-heating : 150°C to 180°C / 90 s±30 s Reflow soldering method:above 220°C, 60 s±30 s Temperature condition:above 255°C, above 30 s Peak : above 260°C The specimen shall be subjected to the reflow process under the above condition 3 times. Test board shall be 1.6 mm thick. Base material shall be glass epoxy resin. The specimen shall be stored at standard atmospheric conditions for 1 h in prior to the measurement. |
| 17 | ESD | ESD Rank: Refer to chapter 3, "Part Number and Rating". Appearance: No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% Per AEC-Q200-002 |
| 18 | Solderability | 95% or more of the outer electrode shall be covered with new solder seamlessly. <u>Deviation for AEC-Q200</u> Method b: Not applicable Pre-heating: 150°C/60s Per J-STD-002 |
| 19 | Electrical Characterization | No defects Measured: inductance |
| 20 | Flammability | Not applicable Per UL-94 |
| 21 | Board Flex | Appearance:No damage Inductance change rate: within ±10% Epoxy-PCB (1.6 mm) Deflection 2 mm (min.) 60 s minimum holding time |
| 22 | Terminal Strength | Appearance: No damage Per AEC-Q200-006 A force of 17.7 N for 60 s |

9. Specification of Packaging

9.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/plastic tape)



* The dimensions of the cavity are measured at its bottom.

9.2 Taping specifications

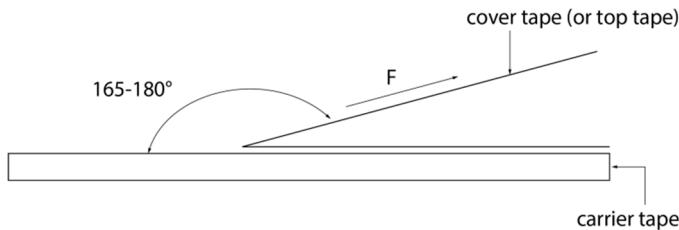
| | |
|---|---|
| Packing quantity (Standard quantity) | 3000 pcs/reel |
| Packing method | The products are placed in cavities of a carrier tape and sealed by a cover tape (top tape and bottom tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type). |
| Feed hole position | The feed holes on the carrier tape are on the right side when the cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) is pulled toward the user. |
| Joint | The carrier tape and cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) are seamless. |
| Number of missing products | Number of missing products within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept. |

9.3 Break down force of tape

| | |
|---|----------|
| Cover tape (or top tape) | 5 N min. |
| Bottom tape (only when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) | 5 N min. |

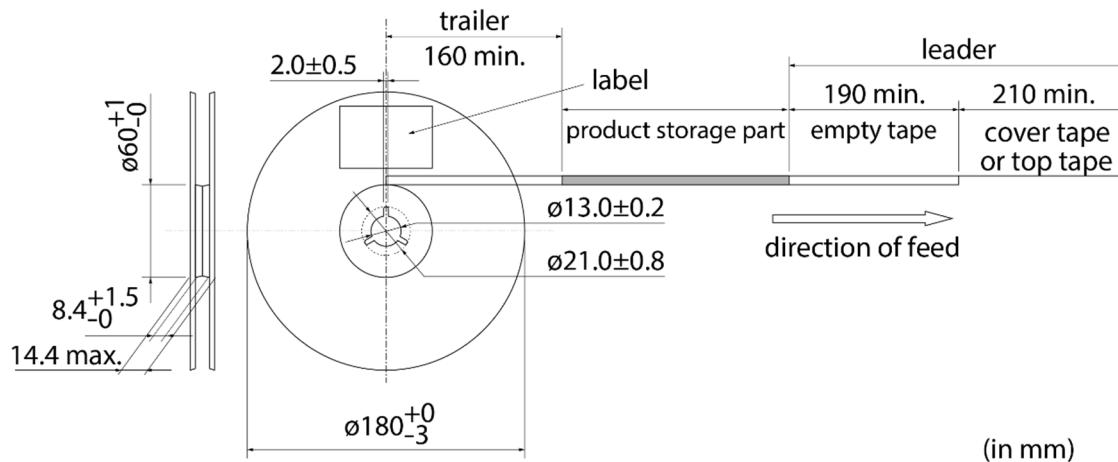
9.4 Peeling off force of tape

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Speed of peeling off | 300 mm/min |
| Peeling off force | 0.1 N to 0.7 N (The lower limit is for typical value.) |



9.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the cover tape (or top tape). (See the diagram below.)

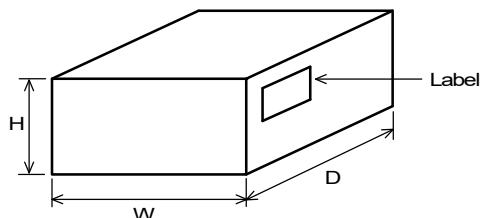
**9.6 Marking for reel**

Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (*1), RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

| | |
|--|---|
| *1 Expression of inspection No.: | (1) Factory code (2) Date First digit: year/last digit of year Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep.→1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.→O, N, D Third, Fourth digit: day (3) Serial No. |
| *2 Expression of RoHS marking: ROHS- $\frac{Y}{(1)}$ $\frac{(\Delta)}{(2)}$ | (1) RoHS regulation conformity (2) Murata classification number |

9.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

9.8 Specification of outer box

| Dimensions of outer box (mm) | | | Standard reel quantity in outer box (reel) |
|--|-----|----|--|
| W | D | H | |
| 195 | 185 | 65 | 5 |
| * Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order. | | | |

10. **⚠Caution**

10.1 Limitation of applications

The products listed in the reference specification (hereinafter the product(s) is called as the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the reference specification (hereinafter called as the "Specific Application").

We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety. Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT (i) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED AS THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT, AND/OR (ii) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR ANY FOLLOWING APPLICATION PURPOSES FROM (1) TO (11) (EXCEPT THAT SUCH APPLICATION PURPOSE IS UNAMBIGUOUSLY SPECIFIED AS SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT IN OUR CATALOG SPECIFICATION FORMS, DATASHEETS, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS OFFICIALLY ISSUED BY US*).

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment
- (7) Traffic control equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention/security equipment
- (9) Industrial data-processing equipment
- (10) Combustion/explosion control equipment
- (11) Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the reference specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: <https://www.murata.com/contactform>

* We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the reference specification without any exception. Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

10.2 Precautions on rating

Avoid using in exceeded the rated temperature range, rated voltage, or rated current.

Usage when the ratings are exceeded could lead to wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

10.3 Inrush current

If an inrush current (or pulse current or rush current) that significantly exceeds the rated current is applied to the product, overheating could occur, resulting in wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

10.4 Fail-safe

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.

10. 5 Corrosive gas

Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.

10.6 Circuit voltage

There is a possibility available for DCDC converters with a maximum voltage of 40V or less.

Be sure to evaluate the actual machine in advance to check the quality of this product.

11. Precautions for Use

This product is for use only with reflow soldering. It is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand.

Also, if repeatedly subjected to temperature cycles or other thermal stress, due to the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion with the mounting substrate, the solder (solder fillet part) in the mounting part may crack.

The occurrence of cracks due to thermal stress is affected by the size of the land where mounted, the solder volume, and the heat dissipation of the mounting substrate. Carefully design it when a large change in ambient temperature is assumed.

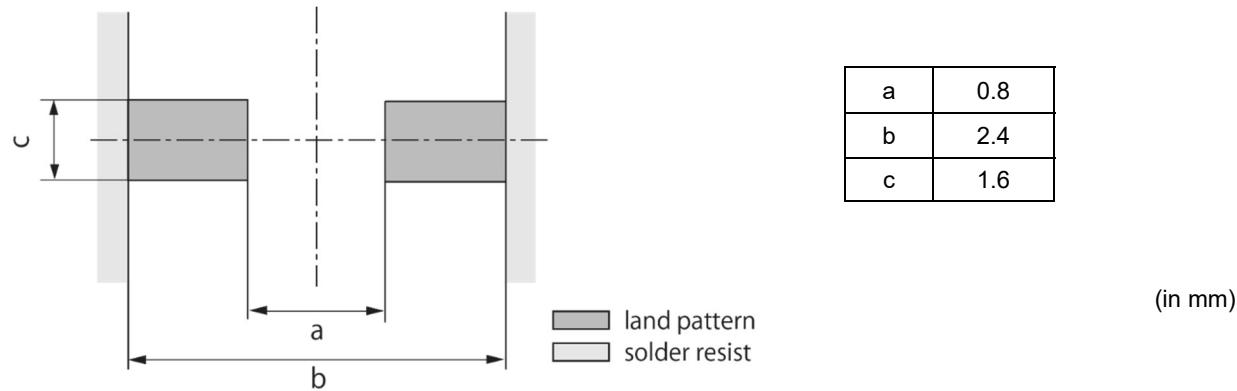
This product has a lower insulation resistance than conventional ferrite products, so care must be paid to its use.

a) Do not make any through holes and copper pattern under the coil except a copper pattern to the electrode.

b) Design/mount any components not to contact this product.

11.1 Land dimensions

The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for reflow soldering.



11.2 Flux and solder used

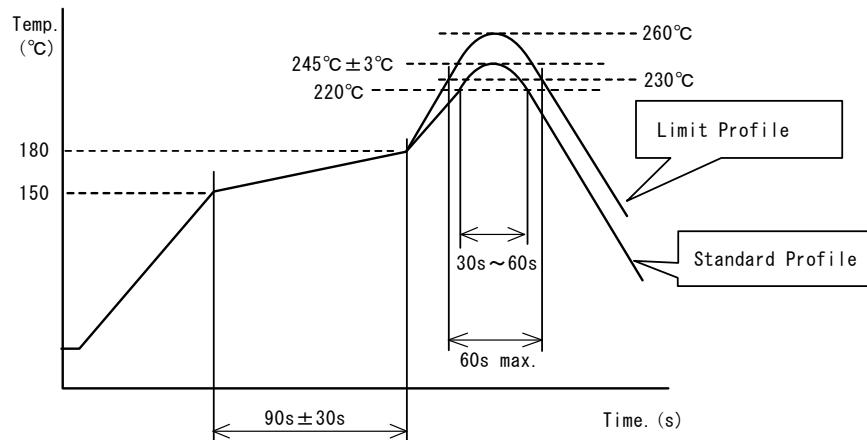
| | |
|--------|---|
| Flux | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use a rosin-based flux.• Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding mass% (chlorine conversion value).• Do not use a water-soluble flux. |
| Solder | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder.• Standard thickness of solder paste: 100 µm to 150 µm |

If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

11.3 Soldering conditions (reflow)

- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 100°C max.
- Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



| | Standard profile | Limit profile |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Pre-heating | 150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s | 150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s |
| Heating | Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s | Above 230°C/60 s max. |
| Peak temperature | 245°C±3°C | 260°C/10 s |
| Number of reflow cycles | 2 times | 2 times |

11.4 Reworking with soldering iron

The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

| Item | Requirement |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Pre-heating | 150°C/approx. 1 min |
| Tip temperature of soldering iron | 350°C max. |
| Power consumption of soldering iron | 60 W max. |
| Tip diameter of soldering iron | Ø3 mm max. |
| Soldering time | 3 s (+1 s, -0 s) |
| Number of reworking operations | 2 times max. |

* Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a direct contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.

11.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to increase the volume too much.

An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

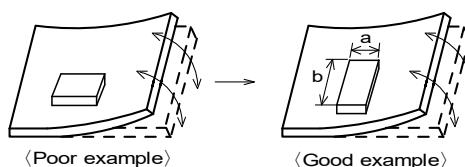
11.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: $a < b$) to the mechanical stress.



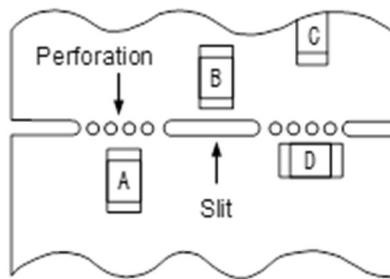
(2) Components location on PCB separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

| Contents of measures | Stress level |
|--|--------------|
| (1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface. | $A > D^{*1}$ |
| (2) Add slits in the board separation part. | $A > B$ |
| (3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface. | $A > C$ |

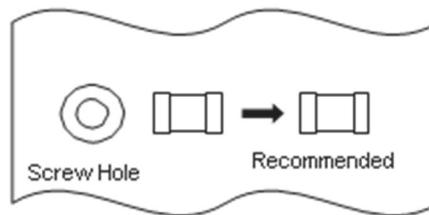
*1 $A > D$ is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation.
If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore $A > D$ is invalid.



(3) Mounting components near screw holes

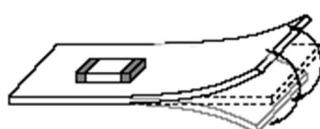
When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.

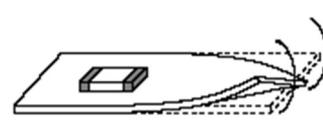


11.7 Handling of substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate. Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



Bending



Twisting

11.8 Cleaning

Excessive ultrasonic oscillation during cleaning can cause the PCBs to resonate, resulting in cracked chips or broken solder joints. Before starting your production process, test your cleaning equipment / process to insure it does not degrade this product.

11.9 Storage and transportation

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| Storage period | Use the product within 6 months after delivery. If you do not use the product for more than 6 months, check solderability before using it. |
| Storage conditions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%. Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid may cause the poor solderability.Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust.Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration.Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Bulk storage could result in collisions between the products or between the products and other parts, resulting in chipping or wire breakage.Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e. exposed directly to air). |
| Transportation | Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products. |

11.10 Resin coating (including moisture-proof coating)

When the product is coated/molded with resin, its electrical characteristics may change.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc.

Some resins contain impurities or hydrolyzable chlorine, which could result in corrosion of the conducting materials, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin.

Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

11.11 Mounting conditions

Check the mounting condition before using.

Using mounting conditions (nozzles, equipment conditions, etc.) that are not suitable for products may lead to pick up errors, misalignment, or damage to the product.

11.12 Operating environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions as it may cause deterioration of product quality.

- (1) In the corrodible atmosphere such as acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc.
(the sea breeze, Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂, etc)
- (2) In the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.
- (3) In the atmosphere where the temperature/humidity changes rapidly and it is easy to dew.

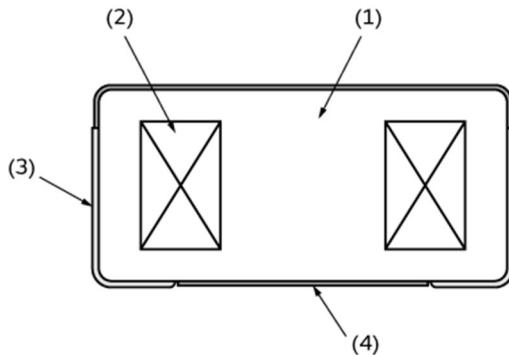
11.13 Mounting density

If this product is placed near heat-generating products, be sure to implement sufficient heat-dissipating measures.

If this product is subjected to a significant amount of heat from other products, this could adversely affect product quality, resulting in a circuit malfunction or failure of the mounted section. Also, be sure that the product is used in a manner so that the heat that the product is subjected to from other products does not exceed the upper limit of the rated operating temperature for the product.

11.14 Handling of product

Inductance could change due to the effect of magnetism. Do not use magnetized tweezers, magnets, or other similar tools when handling the product (instead, use tweezers with resin or ceramic tips).

12. Structure and Constituent Materials

| No. | Constituent material | General material name |
|-----|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (1) | Body | metal alloy powder |
| (2) | Wire of coil | Enameled copper wire |
| (3) | Electrode | Cu plating+ Ni plating + Sn plating |
| (4) | Coating | Epoxy type resin |

13. Country of Origin and Production Plant

The products are produced at any of the following plants:

| Country of origin | Production plant |
|-------------------|---|
| Vietnam | Murata Manufacturing Vietnam Co., Ltd. Lot A1, Hoa Khanh Industrial Zone, Hoa Khanh Bac Ward, Lien Chieu District, DaNang City, Vietnam |

14. Note

- (1)Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2)You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3)The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice.
Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.