

CHIP COIL (CHIP INDUCTOR) for Consumer equipment & Industrial equipment LQM21PN□□□□GE□ REFERENCE SPECIFICATION

1. Scope

This reference specification applies to chip coil (chip inductor) LQM21PN_GE series.

1.1 Specific applications:

- Power equipment: Products that can be used in power equipment such as renewable energy equipment, energy storage equipment and EV charging equipment and whose functions are not directly related to the protection of human life and property.
- Industrial equipment: Products that can be used in industrial equipment such as base stations, manufacturing equipment, industrial robotics equipment, and measurement equipment, and whose functions do not directly relate to the protection of human life and property.
- Medical equipment (GHTF Class C) *Except for implant/surgery/auto injector: Products that can be used for medical equipment of Class C of the international classification class GHTF and whose malfunction is considered to pose a relatively high risk to the human body.
- Medical equipment (GHTF Class A and B): Products that can be used for medical equipment regulated by Class A and Class B of the international classification class GHTF and whose functions do not directly relate to the protection of human life and property.
- Consumer equipment: Products that can be used in consumer equipment such as home appliances, audio/visual equipment, communication equipment, information equipment, office equipment, and household robotics, and whose functions are not directly related to the protection of human life and property.

1.2 Unsuitable application:

Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this reference specification.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS SPECIFIED ABOVE AS THE UNSUITABLE APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT.

2. Part Numbering

(Ex.)

LQ	M	21	PN	1R0	M	GE	L
Product ID	Type	Dimension (L × W)	Application and characteristic	Inductance	Tolerance	Category	Packaging L: taping *B: bulk

*B: Bulk packing is also available.

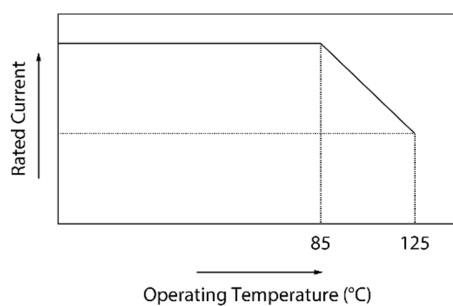
(The product sealed on the carrier tape is stored in a plastic bag.)

3. Part Number and Rating

Operating temperature range	-55°C to +125°C
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C

Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Inductance		DC resistance (Ω)		Self- resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)			
		Nominal value (μH)	Tolerance				Based on inductance change		Based on temperature rise *	
				Typ.	Max.		Typ.	Max.	Ambient temperature 85°C	Ambient temperature 125°C
	LQM21PN1R0MGEL	1.0	M : ±20%	0.22	0.28	120	2000	1600	950	600
	LQM21PN1R5MGEL	1.5	M : ±20%	0.24	0.30	100	1500	1200	920	570
	LQM21PN2R2MGEL	2.2	M : ±20%	0.32	0.39	90	1100	880	800	500
	LQM21PN3R3MGEL	3.3	M : ±20%	0.37	0.46	70	670	530	740	460
	LQM21PN4R7MGEL	4.7	M : ±20%	0.43	0.54	50	400	300	670	430

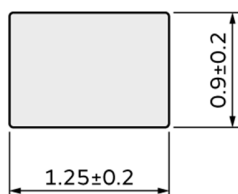
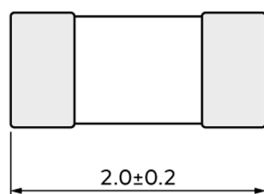
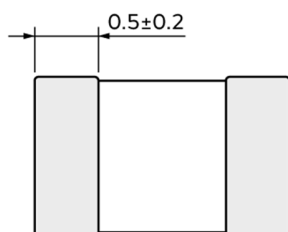
* As shown in the diagram below, derating is applied to the rated current based on the operating temperature



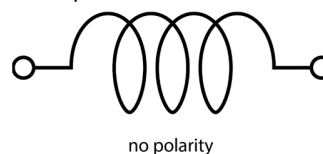
4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified	Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)]
In case of doubt	Temperature: 20°C±2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa

5. Appearance and Dimensions



■ Equivalent Circuit

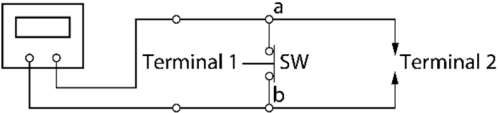


(in mm) Unit mass (typical value): 0.012 g

6. Marking

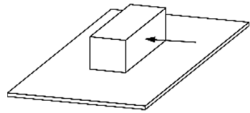
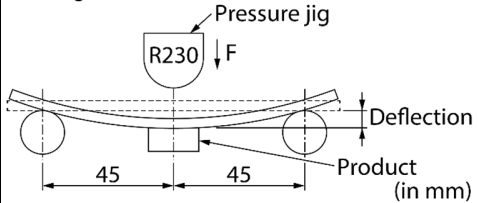
No marking.

7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
7.1	Inductance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: Keysight 4294A or the equivalent Measuring current: 1 mA Measuring frequency: 1 MHz
7.2	DC resistance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: digital multimeter Measuring circuit: Digital multimeter  Measure with the product set to terminal 2 and the switch pressed (open between a and b). When setting or removing the product, press the switch to short between a and b.
7.3	Self-resonant frequency	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipment: Keysight 4294A or the equivalent
7.4	Rated current (Based on inductance change)	When rated current is applied to the products, inductance will be within $\pm 30\%$ of initial inductance value range.	Apply the rated current specified in chapter 3 at ordinary temperature.
7.5	Rated current (Based on temperature rise)	Temperature rise caused by self-generated heat shall be limited to 40°C max.	Apply the rated current specified in chapter 3 at ordinary temperature.

8. Mechanical Performance

The product is soldered on a substrate for test.(Except Drop, Resistance to soldering heat, Solderability)
(Test shall be done using Flux, Solder and Soldering condition which are specified in chapter 12 except the case of being specified special condition.)

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.1	Shear test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Applying force: 10 N Holding time: 5 s Force application direction: 
8.2	Bending test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate (100 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm) Pressurizing speed: 1.0 mm/s Pressure jig: R230 Amount of bending: 2 mm Holding time: 20 s 
8.3	Vibration	Appearance shall have no significant mechanical damage.	Oscillation frequency: 10 Hz to 2000 Hz to 10 Hz/20 min Amplitude: total amplitude of 3.0 mm or acceleration amplitude of 196 m/s ² , whichever is smaller Test time: 3 directions perpendicular to each other, 2 h for each direction (6 h in total)
8.4	Resistance to soldering heat	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±30%	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin, 25(wt)% Pre-heating: 150°C/60 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Solder temperature: 260°C±5°C Immersion time: 10 s Post-treatment: left for 4 hours to 48 hours at room temperature.
8.5	Solderability	95% or more of the outer electrode shall be covered with new solder seamlessly.	Flux: Ethanol solution of rosin, 25(wt)% Pre-heating: 150°C/60 s Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Solder temperature: 245°C±3°C Immersion time: 3 s

9. Environmental Performance

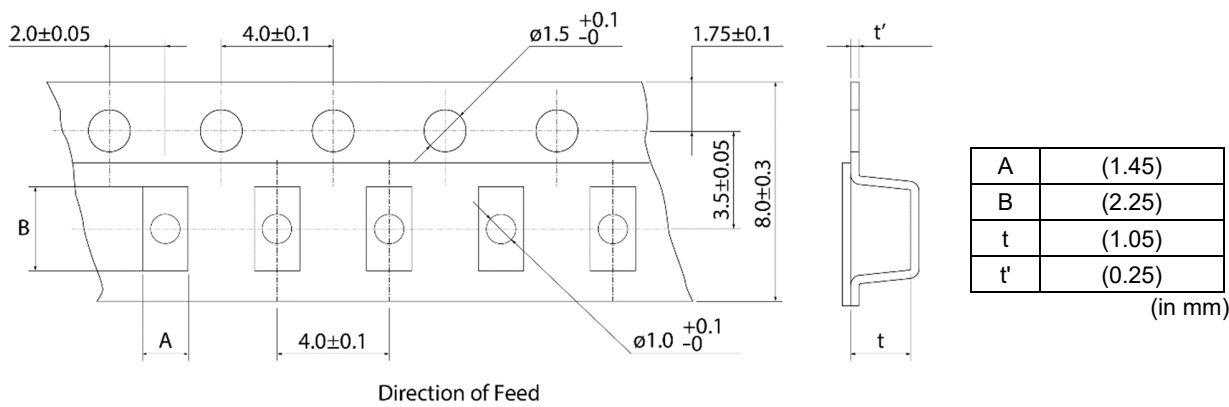
The product is soldered on a substrate for test.
(Test shall be done using Flux, Solder and Soldering condition which are specified in chapter 12 except the case of being specified special condition.)

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
9.1	Heat resistance	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±30%	Temperature: 125°C±2°C Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left for 4 hours to 48 hours at room temperature.
9.2	Cold resistance	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±30%	Temperature: -55°C±2°C Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left for 4 hours to 48 hours at room temperature.
9.3	Humidity	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±30%	Temperature: 40°C±2°C Humidity: 90% to 95% (RH) Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left for 4 hours to 48 hours at room temperature.

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
9.4	Heat Shock	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within $\pm 30\%$	Single cycle conditions: Step 1: -55°C ($+0^{\circ}\text{C}$, -3°C), 30 min ($+3$ min, -0 min) Step 2: ordinary temperature, 3 min max. Step 3: $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($+3^{\circ}\text{C}$, -0°C), 30 min ($+3$ min, -0 min) Step 4: ordinary temperature, 3 min max. Number of testing: 100 cycles Post-treatment: left for 4 hours to 48 hours at room temperature.

10. Specification of Packaging

10.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/plastic tape)



* The dimensions of the cavity are measured at its bottom.

10.2 Taping specifications

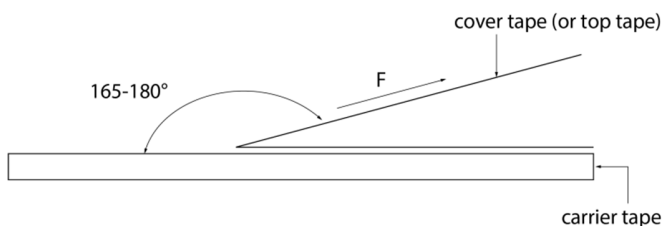
Packing quantity (Standard quantity)	3000 pcs/reel
Packing method	The products are placed in cavities of a carrier tape and sealed by a cover tape (top tape and bottom tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type).
Feed hole position	The feed holes on the carrier tape are on the right side when the cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) is pulled toward the user.
Joint	The carrier tape and cover tape (top tape when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type) are seamless.
Number of missing products	Number of missing products within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

10.3 Break down force of tape

Cover tape (or top tape)	5 N min.
Bottom tape (only when the cavities of the carrier tape are punched type)	5 N min.

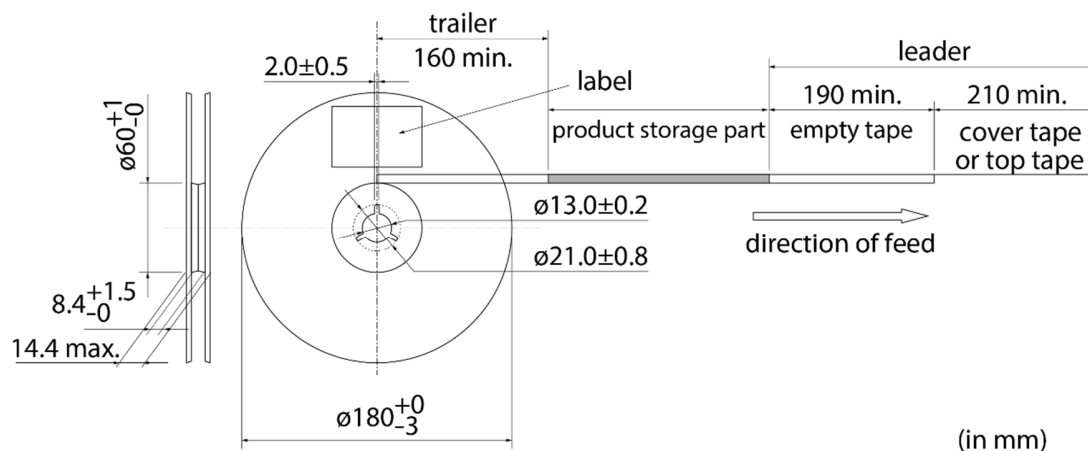
10.4 Peeling off force of tape

Speed of peeling off	300 mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1 N to 0.7 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)



10.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the cover tape (or top tape). (See the diagram below.)



10.6 Marking for reel

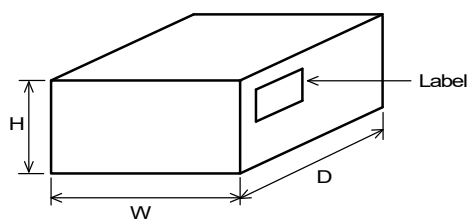
Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (*1), RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

*1 Expression of inspection No.:		(1) Factory code
$\square\square$	$\circ\circ\circ\circ$	(2) Date
(1)	(2)	First digit: year/last digit of year
		Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep.→1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.→O, N, D
		Third, Fourth digit: day
		(3) Serial No.
*2 Expression of RoHS marking:		(1) RoHS regulation conformity
ROHS-	$\frac{Y}{(1)}$	(2) Murata classification number
	$\frac{(\Delta)}{(2)}$	

10.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (*2), quantity, etc.

10.8 Specification of outer box



Dimensions of outer box (mm)			Standard reel quantity in outer box (reel)
W	D	H	
186	186	93	5
* Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.			

11. ⚠Caution

11.1 Limitation of applications

The products listed in the reference specification (hereinafter the product(s) is called as the “Product(s)”) are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the reference specification (hereinafter called as the “Specific Application”). We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety. Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

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- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment
- (7) Traffic control equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention/security equipment
- (9) Industrial data-processing equipment
- (10) Combustion/explosion control equipment
- (11) Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the reference specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: <https://www.murata.com/contactform>

* We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the reference specification without any exception. Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

11.2 Precautions on rating

Avoid using in exceeded the rated temperature range, rated voltage, or rated current.

Usage when the ratings are exceeded could lead to wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

11.3 Inrush current

If an inrush current (or pulse current or rush current) that significantly exceeds the rated current is applied to the product, overheating could occur, resulting in wire breakage, burning, or other serious fault.

12. Precautions for Use

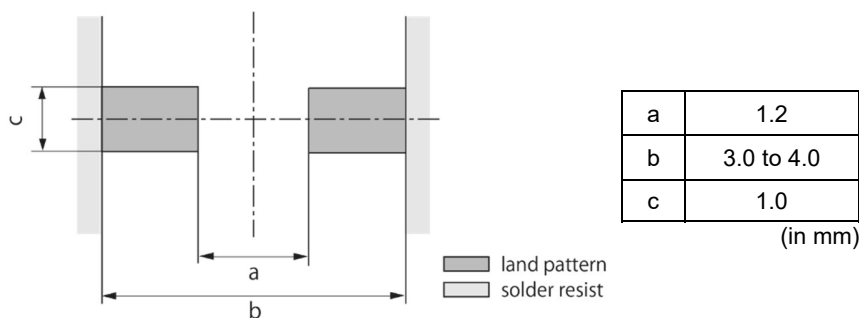
This product is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand.

Also, if repeatedly subjected to temperature cycles or other thermal stress, due to the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion with the mounting substrate, the solder (solder fillet part) in the mounting part may crack.

The occurrence of cracks due to thermal stress is affected by the size of the land where mounted, the solder volume, and the heat dissipation of the mounting substrate. Carefully design it when a large change in ambient temperature is assumed.

12.1 Land dimensions

The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for flow and reflow soldering:



12.2 Flux and solder used

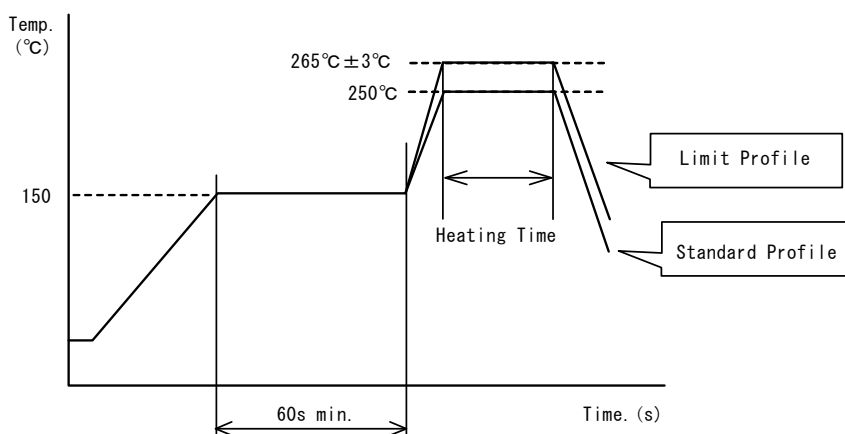
Flux	• Use a rosin-based flux. • Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value). • Do not use a water-soluble flux.
Solder	• Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder. • Standard thickness of solder paste: 150 μm

If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

12.3 Soldering conditions (flow, reflow)

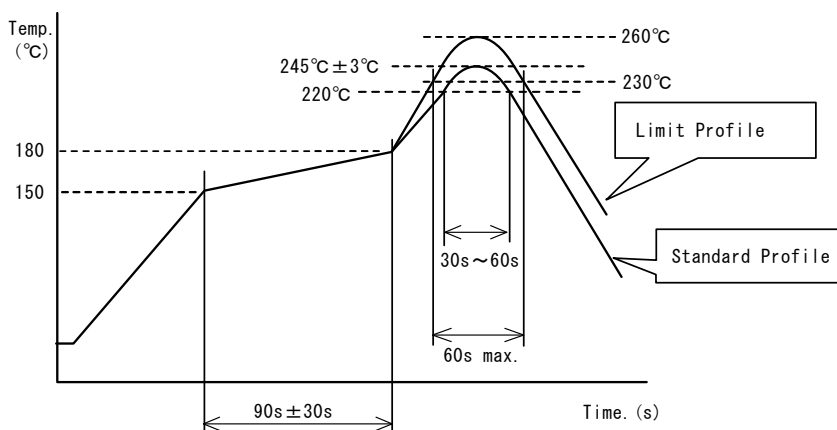
- Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 100°C max.
Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.
- Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.
The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

(1) Flow



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C/60 s min.	150°C/60 s min.
Heating	250°C/4 s to 6 s	265°C±3°C/5 s
Number of flow cycles	2 times	2 times

(2) Reflow



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C to 180°C/90 s ± 30 s	150°C to 180°C/90 s ± 30 s
Heating	Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s	Above 230°C/60 s max.
Peak temperature	245°C ± 3°C	260°C/10 s
Number of reflow cycles	2 times	2 times

12.4 Reworking with soldering iron

The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

Item	Requirement
Pre-heating	150°C/approx. 1 min
Tip temperature of soldering iron	350°C max.
Power consumption of soldering iron	80 W max.
Tip diameter of soldering iron	ø3 mm max.
Soldering time	3 s (+1 s, -0 s)
Number of reworking operations	2 times max.
* Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a direction contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.	

12.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to increase the volume too much.

An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

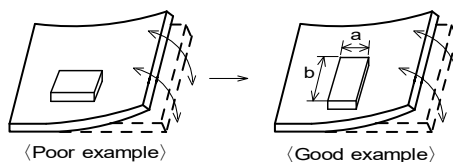
12.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: $a < b$) to the mechanical stress.

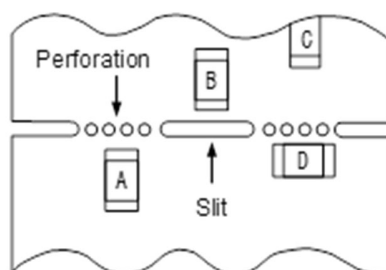


(2) Components location on PCB separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

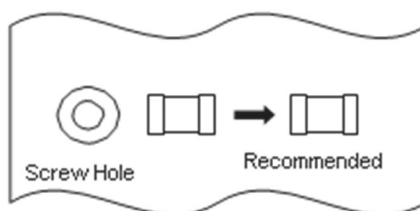
Contents of measures	Stress level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	$A > D^{*1}$
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	$A > B$
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	$A > C$
*1 $A > D$ is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation. If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore $A > D$ is invalid.	



(3) Mounting components near screw holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

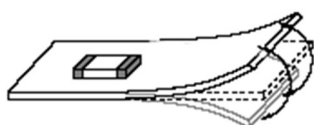
Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



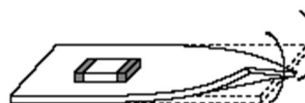
12.7 Handling of substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.



Bending



Twisting

12.8 Cleaning

Excessive ultrasonic oscillation during cleaning can cause the PCBs to resonate, resulting in cracked chips or broken solder joints. Before starting your production process, test your cleaning equipment / process to insure it does not degrade this product.

12.9 Storage and transportation

Storage period	Use the product within 12 months after delivery. If you do not use the product for more than 12 months, check solderability before using it.
Storage conditions	• The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%. • Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid may cause the poor solderability. • Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust. • Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration. • Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Bulk storage could result in collisions between the products or between the products and other parts, resulting in chipping or wire breakage. • Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e. exposed directly to air).
Transportation	Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products.

12.10 Resin coating (including moisture-proof coating)

When the product is coated/molded with resin, its electrical characteristics may change.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc.

Some resins contain impurities or hydrolyzable chlorine, which could result in corrosion of the conducting materials, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin.

Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

12.11 Mounting conditions

Check the mounting condition before using.

Using mounting conditions (nozzles, equipment conditions, etc.) that are not suitable for products may lead to pick up errors, misalignment, or damage to the product.

12.12 Operating environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions as it may cause deterioration of product quality.

- (1) In the corrodible atmosphere such as acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc. (the sea breeze, Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂, etc)
- (2) In the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.
- (3) In the atmosphere where the temperature/humidity changes rapidly and it is easy to dew.

12.13 Mounting density

If this product is placed near heat-generating products, be sure to implement sufficient heat-dissipating measures.

If this product is subjected to a significant amount of heat from other products, this could adversely affect product quality, resulting in a circuit malfunction or failure of the mounted section. Also, be sure that the product is used in a manner so that the heat that the product is subjected to from other products does not exceed the upper limit of the rated operating temperature for the product.

12.14 Handling of product

Inductance could change due to the effect of magnetism. Do not use magnetized tweezers, magnets, or other similar tools when handling the product (instead, use tweezers with resin or ceramic tips).

13. Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.